Please Note: The Council Meeting will be conducted at Rolla City Hall but physical participation will be limited per CDC guidelines. Citizens are encouraged to watch the proceedings live on Fidelity Cable Channel 16 or through the Fidelity YouTube link at https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCffrfbYSOqtuhOAVkCCvieA

COUNCIL PRAYER

Ministerial Alliance

Rolla City Council Meeting Monday, April 20, 2020 901 North Elm Street City Hall Council Chambers 6:30 P.M.

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

Councilwoman Ann Murphey

I. PUBLIC HEARINGS

None.

II. SPECIAL PRESENTATIONS

A) Overview of Fiscal Year 2019 City of Rolla Independent Audit & a **Motion** Accepting the Audit – (Finance Director Steffanie Rogers) - **Motion**

III. OLD BUSINESS

A) **Ordinance** Authorizing the Mayor to Execute an Agreement with HDR Engineering for Southeast & Vichy Road WWTP Improvements (Task Order 12) -

(Public Works Director Steve Hargis) - Final Reading

B) Ordinance Authorizing the Mayor to Enter into an Agreement with Melrose Quarry and Asphalt Supply for Project 505 – FY 2020 Phase II Asphalt Improvements –

(City Engineer Darin Pryor) - Final Reading

IV. NEW BUSINESS

A) Motion Approving Use of Rolla National Airport Fields for Greek Week Games September 12 & 19, 2020, with Beer Sales – Mr. Chris Steinbach - Motion

V. CLAIMS and/or FISCAL TRANSACTIONS

- A) Motion Authorizing the Purchase of a Solid Waste Automated Collection System (Environmental Services Director Brady Wilson) Motion
- B) Motion Awarding Bid for Refuse Carts (Environmental Services Director Brady Wilson) Motion

VI. MAYOR/CITY COUNCIL COMMENTS

A) Motion Appointing Mr. Kevin Crider to the Planning and Zoning Commission to Complete the Unexpired Term of Mr. Ray Schweikardt (June 2022) – Motion

Rolla City Council Agenda Page 2 April 20, 2020

VII. <u>CITIZEN COMMUNICATION</u>

A) Open Citizen Communication

VIII. COMMENTS FOR THE GOOD OF THE ORDER

IX. CLOSED SESSION

Pursuant to Section 610.021 RSMo. the City Council will discuss the following issues in Closed Session:

1) Real Estate

X. ADJOURNMENT

CITY OF ROLLA CITY COUNCIL AGENDA

DEPARTMENT:

Steffanie D. Rogers Finance Director **ACTION REQUESTED:**

Motion

DATE:

April 14, 2020

BUDGET APPROPRIATION:

\$ 0.00

SUBJECT:

Consider Motion to Approve Fiscal Year 2019 Independent Audit

COMMENTARY:

Michael Keenan, Cochran Head Vick & Co, will present an overview of the fiscal year 2019 independent audit. This year's management letter contains three (3) written recommendations (included in the Required Communications, Management Letter and Compliance Report) for the City of Rolla. As accounting principles and standards progress, staff will continue to develop internal processes to ensure compliance.

Staff is recommending a motion to accept the independent audit for fiscal year 2019.

ITEM NO. T. A.I.

Report to The Honorable Mayor and City Council

City of Rolla, Missouri



Financial and Compliance Audit For the year ended September 30, 2019

CHV

Certified Public Accountants

CHV

Certified Public Accountants

- Serving Missouri and Kansas since 1975.
- > Peer Review We have been awarded the highest rating given as a result of our peer review.
- > Member of-
 - AICPA
 - AICPA Government Audit Quality Center
 - AICPA Employee Benefit Plan Audit Quality Center
 - BDO Alliance USA
 - Two (2) members of our governmental services audit team are members of the GFOA Special Review Committee
 - Licensed in Missouri and Kansas

ENGAGEMENT TEAM



David Cochran, CPA Engagement Partner



Michael Keenan, CPA Senior Manager



Matthew Reilley Staff Associate

Scope of Audit

 We were engaged to perform an audit of the City of Rolla, Missouri's basic Financial Statements.

3

CHV

Certified Public Accountants
And Business Consultants

Our Responsibilities

- Conduct our audit in accordance with Generally Accepted Auditing Standards and Government Auditing Standards.
- Plan and perform our audit to obtain reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement.
- Report on internal controls over financial reporting and compliance with laws and regulations.

The Auditing Standards Board of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) recommends that we communicate the following matters to the Governing Board:

	City of Rolla, Missouri
Illegal Acts – Nor our audit proced	ne came to our attention as a result of performing lures.
Changes in Signit significant accou	ficant Accounting Policies – No changes in nting policies.
No difficulties or	disagreements with management.
Cooperation – Fu	ull access to books and records.

Financial and Compliance Audit addresses three basic questions:

Question	Answers
Are the financial statements free of material misstatement?	We have issued an unmodified opinion that the financial statements are fairly presented in all material respects.
Are internal controls over financial reporting adequately designed and operating effectively?	We identified a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness. > Financial Reporting
Did the City or Rolla, Missouri comply, in all material respects, with the finance-related laws and regulations?	No material noncompliance was noted with the finance-related laws and regulations that govern the City's operations.

Other Management Letter Comments

Other Management Letter Comments – Contains suggestions for best practices and possible improvements in internal control noted in the conduct of the audit.

- > Budgeting
- > Future Accounting Pronouncements

CHV Certified Public Accountants

We appreciate the opportunity to serve as the auditor for

The City of Rolla, Missouri

CHV

Certified Public Accountants
And Business Consultants

II. A.g.



Basic Financial Statements With Independent Auditor's Report

For the Year Ended **September 30, 2019**

II. A.10.

CITY OF ROLLA, MISSOURI

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		<u>Page</u>
FINANCIAL SECTION		
Independent Auditor's Report		1
Management's Discussion and Analysis		3
Basic Financial Statements:	<u>Exhibit</u>	
Government-wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	A B	11 12
Fund Financial Statements: Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to	С	13
the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	D	14 15
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Statement of Net position – Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net position –	. Е	16 17
Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	F G	18 19
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements		20
Required Supplementary Information:	<u>Schedule</u>	<u>Page</u>
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	1 /	59
Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Street Fund	2	61
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Recreation Center Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	3	62
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Parks Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	4	63
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Airport Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	5	64
Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Cemetery Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	6	65
Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Park Land Reserve Fund	7	66
i .	TT	-A.11-

CITY OF ROLLA, MISSOURI

TABLE OF CONTENTS, Continued

	Schedule	<u>Page</u>
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Assets) and		
Related Ratios	8	67
Schedule of Employer Contributions	9	68
Notes to Schedule of Employer Contributions	10	69
Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	11	70
Rolla Municipal Utilities		
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Assets) and		
Related Ratios – Rolla Municipal Utilities	12	71
Schedule of Employer Contributions and Notes to Schedule	13	72
Schedule of Changes in Net OPER Liability and Related Ratios	14	73

II. A.12.

COCHRAN HEAD VICK & CO., P.C.

& Co

Certified Public Accountants

1251 NW Briarcliff Pkwy Suite 125 Kansas City, MO 64116 (816) 453-7014 Fax (816) 453-7016

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Rolla, Missouri

Other Offices in Missouri and Kansas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, and each major fund of the City of Rolla, Missouri (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedules of changes in net pension liability (asset) and related ratios, schedules of employer contributions, and schedules of changes in net OPEB liability and related ratios as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

ochran Head Vick + Co., P.C.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 31, 2020, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kansas City, Missouri March 31, 2020

II.A.14.

As management of the City of Rolla, Missouri (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here along with the City's financial statements, including the footnotes that follow this Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A).

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The net position of the City's governmental activities decreased by \$2,136,646 for the year as a result of current year activities. The net position of the City's business-type activities increased \$161,394 for the year.
- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources as of September 30, 2019, by \$97.9 million (net position) (down from \$99.9 million in fiscal year 2018). Of this amount, \$2.3 million was unrestricted from overall operations and may be used to meet future obligations of the City.
- Total value of new building construction for fiscal year 2019 was \$23,448,059 compared to \$28,981,400 in fiscal year 2018. Overall, 68 new housing units were added in 2019. Multi-family construction permits have slowed a little due to demand and detached single family home construction remains slow (14 single family homes).
- The City Sales Tax Rate of 2.25% is distributed among the General Fund (1%), the Street Fund (.5% for transportation and .5% for capital improvements) and the Park Fund (.25%). In fiscal year 2019, the City received \$10,382,941 in total sales tax revenues a 6.93% increase from fiscal year 2018. Since sales tax revenues account for approximately 41.8% of total revenue, sales tax revenues are carefully monitored. Both the Westside MarketPlace and Kohl's TIF projects redirect 50%/75% of the sales taxes generated from those developments to extra-ordinary development costs for the purpose of eliminating blight. In FY 2019 \$737,510 was transferred from total sales tax receipts to those development projects thus the "net sales tax" growth in FY 2019 was 2.3%.
- Fiscal year 2019 completes the 17th full year of operations at the Centre the City's recreation center. Over that time the average recapture rate of revenues over operational expenses is 84%. Revenues of \$1.05 million are generated through memberships, user fees, and program revenues with operating expenditures of \$1,434,516. In fiscal year 2019 recreation center revenues decreased by 13% while operating expenditures increased 5.48% over fiscal year 2018.
- As of September 30, 2019, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$7,718,989.
- As of September 30, 2019, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$2,467,225.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains required supplemental information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflow of resources, with the difference between reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and accrued vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to re-cover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the

II. A. 15.

City include general government, public works, police department, and municipal court. The business-type activities include the sewer and sanitation operations of the City.

One separate organization is considered a component unit of the City — Rolla Municipal Utilities (RMU). RMU's purpose is to provide electric and water services to the City and is under the direction of the Rolla Board of Public Works.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds. It should be noted that the City does not have any fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental funds financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources as well as on balances of expendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and the government-wide governmental activities.

The City maintains seven governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Street Fund, Recreation Center Fund, Parks Fund, Airport Fund, Cemetery Fund, and Park Land Reserve Fund which are considered major funds.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for all governmental funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for all budgeted funds to demonstrate legal compliance with the respective adopted budget.

Proprietary fund. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its sewer and sanitation operations. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to account for health insurance premiums. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

Notes to the basic financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required supplemental information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, certain supplemental information can be found in this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS - FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The City presents its financial statements under the reporting model pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 (GASB 34), Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments.

A condensed version of the statement of net position follows below.

* As restated

Governmental and business-type activities. Governmental and business-type activities decreased the City's net position by \$1,975,252. Key elements of this are as follows:

	September 30,												
		Governmental Activities				Business-ty	pe A	Activities		Total			
		2019		2018		2019		2018*		2019		2018	
Current and other assets	\$	12,569,663	\$	15,672,158	\$	5,997,090	\$	6,627,396	\$	18,566,753	\$	22,299,554	
Capital assets	_	76,382,209		77,927,519		26,983,129		26,292,813		103,365,338		104,220,332	
Total assets	_	88,951,872		93,599,677		32,980,219		32,920,209	_	121,932,091		126,519,886	
Deferred outflows of resources		1,771,531		857,491		408,686		139,841		2,180,217	(1)	997,332	
Other liabilities		1,600,015		2,651,978		751,625		906,312		2,351,640		3,558,290	
Long-term debt		13,342,823		13,713,400		8,741,053		8,217,911		22,083,876		21,931,311	
Total liabilities	_	14,942,838		16,365,378		9,492,678		9,124,223		24,435,516		25,489,601	
Deferred inflows of resources		1,581,018		1,755,597		216,171		417,165		1,797,189	,	2,172,762	
Net position:										4			
Net investment in													
capital assets		68,906,274		69,831,661		19,780,235		19,634,775		88,686,509		89,466,436	
Restricted		5,155,307		4,038,444		1,754,791		1,947,070		6,910,098		5,985,514	
Unrestricted		137,966		2,466,088		2,145,030		1,936,817		2,282,996		4,402,905	
Total net position	\$	74,199,547	\$	76,336,193	\$	23,680,056	\$	23,518,662	\$	97,879,603	\$	99,854,855	

Change in net position. The decrease in net position of \$2,136,646 in the governmental activities was mainly due to construction spending for the Hwy 72 extension, the MoveRolla Transportation project planning & design, and changes in public safety pension related expenses. The increase in net position of \$161,394 in the business-type activities was due to increases in sewer and solid waste fees.

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

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Revenues:		Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities				Total		
Program revenues:		2019		2018		2019		2018*		2019		2018
Charges for services	\$	5,334,418	\$	13,996,621	\$	7,146,110	\$	7,097,069	\$	12,480,528	\$	21,093,690
Operating grants and contributions		231,964		337,303		13,114		15,609		245,078		352,912
Capital grants and contributions		576,389		38,891		-		12,317		576,389		51,208
General revenues:												
Property taxes		1,247,116		1,243,814		-		-		1,247,116		1,243,814
Sales tax		9,800,298		9,547,535		-		-		9,800,298		9,547,535
Motor vehicle taxes		794,289		789,114		-		-		794,289		789,114
Payment in lieu of taxes		1,535,660		1,586,658		-		-		1,535,660		1,586,658
Other taxes		456,552		478,811		-		-		456,552		478,811
Franchise tax		551,845		613,074		-		-		551,845		613,074
Investment income		87,538		49,720		118,302		128,717		205,840		178,437
Other	14	188,779		142,109		12,901		31,007		201,680	0	173,116
Total revenues		20,804,848		28,823,650		7,290,427		7,284,719		28,095,275		36,108,369
Expenses:												
Administrative		4,742,304		4,916,177		-		-		4,742,304		4,916,177
Public safety		8,144,137		6,843,019		-		-		8,144,137		6,843,019
Public works and maintenance		6,147,213		14,260,955		-		-		6,147,213		14,260,955
Parks and recreation		3,150,443		3,181,159		-		-		3,150,443		3,181,159
Airport		1,036,428		931,375		-		-		1,036,428		931,375
Interest on long-term debt		264,469		-		-		-		264,469		-
Sewer		-		-		3,205,857		3,508,175		3,205,857		3,508,175
Environmental services		-		_		3,379,676		3,427,643		3,379,676		3,427,643
Total expenses		23,484,994		30,132,685		6,585,533		6,935,818		30,070,527		37,068,503
Change in net position												
before transfers		(2,680,146)		(1,309,035)		704,894		348,901		(1,975,252)		(960,134)
Transfers		543,500		438,600		(543,500)		(438,600)		-		-
Change in not position										(4.075.252)		(060 134)
Change in net position		(2,136,646)		(870,435)		161,394	_	(89,699)		(1,975,252)		(960,134)
Net position, beginning of year , as restated		76,336,193		77,206,628		23,518,662		23,608,361		99,854,855		100,814,989
Net position, end of year	•	74,199,547	\$	76,336,193	•	23,680,056	¢	23,518,662	\$	97,879,603		99,854,855
iver position, end of year	Ψ	17,133,341	Ψ	10,330,193	Ψ	23,000,030	Ψ	23,310,002	Ψ	31,013,003	Ψ	33,004,005

^{*} As restated

Governmental activities decreased the net position of the City by \$2,136,646. Total tax revenues for the City were \$14.4 million, which represents 69% of the financing of these activities. Program revenues for the functions totaled \$6.1 million or 29% of the funding. The following table shows the cost of the City's programs as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the taxpayers by each of these functions.

Net Cost of	Governmental Activities

	Total Cos	t of S	Service	Net Cost	Service		
	2019		2018	2019		2018	
General government and other	\$ 4,742,304	\$	4,916,177	\$ 3,170,510	\$	3,012,777	
Public safety	8,144,137		6,843,019	7,069,875		5,958,537	
Public works and maintenance	6,147,213		14,260,955	4,578,919		4,479,354	
Parks and recreation	3,150,443		3,181,159	1,821,681		1,818,199	
Airport	1,036,428		931,375	436,769		491,003	
Interest on long-term debt	264,469			 264,469		-	
Total	\$ 23,484,994	\$	30,132,685	\$ 17,342,223	\$	15,759,870	

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$161,394. Last year the business-type activities decreased \$89,699.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on inflows and balances of available expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unrestricted fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At September 30, 2019 the General Fund's fund balance was \$3,483,332.

The City's General Fund's fund balance decreased by \$151,061 or 4.34% from the prior year fund balance. This was due to the second payment of \$545,000 for a new fire truck (final spend down of the lease purchase financing received in FY 2018).

Changes for fund balances for other major governmental funds can be described as follows:

- The Street Fund decreased by \$143,483 from the fund balance at the end of the prior year. This decrease is due to higher capital outlay expenditures related to TDD projects in 2019.
- The Recreation Center Fund decreased by \$568,704 from the fund balance at the end of the prior year. This decrease was due to a drop in Centre membership revenues due to a new private fitness facility opening in Rolla, the transfer of \$72,125 to the General Fund for administrative support, and the annual operating deficit in 2019.
- The Parks Fund increased by \$52,001 from the fund balance at the end of the prior year. This increase is due to Prop P revenues and an intentional buildup of reserves for future park improvements.
- The Airport Fund increased by \$72,372 from the fund balance at the end of the prior year. This increase is due to a delay of the Runway 4-22 rehab project until FY 2020.
- The Cemetery Fund increased by \$13,572 from the fund balance at the end of the prior year. This increase is due to cemetery plot purchases and no capital expenditures in FY 2019.

II.A.19.

• The Park Land Reserve Fund increased by \$27,730 over the prior year fund balance. This increase is due to a large residential subdivision development (dedication fee) and no specified special park project in FY 2019.

Proprietary funds. The fund statement for the proprietary funds looks much like the business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary funds financial information is measured with the same principles used by commercial enterprises, so this information does not change from the fund statement to the government-wide financial statement.

Unrestricted net position at the end of the year for the Sewer Fund totaled \$1,308,379. The total increase in net position was \$209,781 or 1.1% from the prior year fund balance. Unrestricted net position at the end of the year for the Environmental Services Fund totaled \$836,651. The total decrease in net position was \$48,387 or 1.0% from the prior year fund balance.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The City has invested \$103,365,338 at September 30, 2019 in a broad range of capital assets, net of depreciation, including land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and the sewer collection system. This amount represents a net decrease for the current fiscal year (including additions and deductions) of \$854,994. The City's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, consisted of:

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation

			Septe	ember 30,				
	Govern	nmental						
	Activ	Activities Activities						
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018		
Land	\$ 12,903,897	\$ 12,824,329	\$ 1,532,324	\$ 1,387,172	\$ 14,436,221	\$ 14,211,501		
Construction in progress	-	1,117,113	1,378,598	166,777	1,378,598	1,283,890		
Buildings and improvements	11,915,777	10,229,744	2,007,704	2,238,467	13,923,481	12,468,211		
Machinery and equipment	4,314,525	3,696,694	2,092,046	2,009,906	6,406,571	5,706,600		
Infrastructure	47,248,010	50,059,639	-	-	47,248,010	50,059,639		
Sewer collection system		-	19,972,457	20,490,491	19,972,457	20,490,491		
Total	\$ 76,382,209	\$ 77,927,519	\$ 26,983,129	\$ 26,292,813	\$ 103,365,338	\$ 104,220,332		

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 1 H and Note 6 in the notes to basic financial statements.

LONG-TERM DEBT

The City had government-wide debt outstanding as of September 30, 2019 of \$22,083,876 compared to \$21,482,551 as of September 30, 2018. The increase of \$601,325 was due to the issuance of \$1,520,000 Series 2019 A Sewer System Revenue Bonds and increases in the City OPEB obligation exceeding principal payments made on outstanding debt.

The following is a summary of long-term debt:

				 Outstanding	Ob	ligations			
		ernmen ctivities		Busine Activ			To	otal	
	2019		2018	2019		2018	2019		2018
Capital lease payable	\$ 2,790,69	6 \$	3,426,402	\$ 153,692	\$	228,672	\$ 2,944,388	\$	3,655,074
Certificates of participation	3,948,69	8	4,037,999	3,576,305		3,837,001	7,525,003		7,875,000
Premiums		-	22,048	33,163		37,900	33,163		
General obligation bonds		-	620,000	-		-	-		620,000
Discount on issuance	(1,23	5)	(1,459)	-		-	(1,235)		(1,459)
Revenue bonds		-	-	3,435,000		2,445,000	3,435,000		2,445,000
Net OPEB liability	5,531,66	6	4,588,469	1,381,334		1,123,602	6,913,000		5,712,071
Compensated absences	1,072,99	8	1,019,941	161,559		156,924	1,234,557		1,176,865
Total	\$ 13,342,82	3 \$ 1	13,713,400	\$ 8,741,053	\$	7,829,099	\$ 22,083,876	\$	21,482,551

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 in the notes to the basic financial statements.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Actual revenues for the City's General Fund of \$7,897,998 were \$230,002 under the budgeted revenues of \$8,128,000. This was mainly due to property taxes and sales tax receipts coming under budget projections. The City's General Fund expenditures of \$12,057,890 was \$531,315 over the budgeted amount of \$11,526,575 due to the second payment on a new fire truck received in FY 2019.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

City spending patterns will continue to require a conservative approach to help rebuild reserves. It appears as if the local and regional economies are improving with slow positive revenue growth. The addition of several new retail establishments in FY 2019 will continue to draw regional spending

• Economic Development -- Since 2004 the City Council has contracted with the Rolla Regional Economic Commission for development opportunities. The 2019 contractual contribution was \$95,000. With the opening of the Westside MarketPlace and spin off retail businesses retail activity is strong. The Westside MarketPlace project included both TIF (Tax Increment Financing) and TDD (Transportation Development District) financing to assist in development. The City continues to monitor its first TIF redevelopment project with Kohl's which opened in March 2012. The City and Associated Wholesale Grocers successfully negotiated a CID (Community Improvement District) for the redevelopment of the Forum Plaza in 2015 resulting in a new, large grocery store (Price Chopper) and a redevelopment of the entire Plaza. A 1% CID was imposed in the Forum Plaza to help eliminate blighting conditions. Lastly, Hartmann US chose their new manufacturing facility at the old Briggs & Stratton building in 2016 and Fed Ex Ground constructed a new distribution facility at HyPoint in early 2017.

II.A.21.

- To address traffic congestion and to enhance transportation and safety along the City's primary routes the City and County initiated the MoveRolla Transportation Strategy culminating in the formation of a 1 cent TDD overlay district over much of the City's commercial corridors. The MRTDD was approved by a vote of the effected property owners in late 2016 and approved in formation in early 2017. The sales tax receipts were pledged against transportation bonds of \$36,470,000 for a number of major transportation improvements including the Hwy. 72 extension.
- Total sales tax receipts increased 6.93% in fiscal year 2019. A portion of that growth is redirected back to the two TIF projects (50% of the sales tax increment from those areas) resulting in net sales tax growth of 2.3%. Staff will continue to monitor the situation closely and has conservatively budgeted sales tax growth in fiscal year 2020. The City has a solid economic base with education, retail and healthcare services.
- The City's self-funded health insurance program ended calendar year 2018 with an employee contribution rate of 33.42% (below the objective of 33% employee coverage). Even with premium increases in 2017 and 2018, FY 2019 is approaching 30% employee coverage. This percentage is made up of premiums withheld from payroll, co-payments, and deductibles paid by employees. Note: the employee contribution calculated from the Internal Service Fund reported in this audit does not include the copayments and deductibles paid by employees.
- A consolidated public services facility was completed in February 2013. Phase I of the project in-cluded a new vehicle services facility and a new sanitation division workshop. Plans include the relocation of the Street Shop and Yard from Sharp Road to this new facility in coming years.
- As the City has actively been selling the Sharp Road property off 18th Street, the City has initiated efforts to begin planning for the relocation of the outdated Rolla Animal Shelter. A substantial donation from Mr. Bob Eck (\$441,000) in 2013 kicked off a formal fundraising effort to build a new shelter facility. As of September 2019, the Community has donated funds of approximately \$750,000 approximately half of the projected cost.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Finance Director City of Rolla 910 North Elm Rolla, MO 65401

Telephone: 573-426-6980

RMU issues a complete set of financial statements that are more detailed than the data presented herein. Copies of the separately issued RMU statements can be obtained by contacting RMU at:

Rolla Municipal Utilities 102 W. 9th Street Rolla, MO 65401

Telephone: 573-364-1572

II.A. 22.

City of Rolla, Missouri Statement of Net Position September 30, 2019

	Pr	rimary Governmen	t	Component Unit
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Rolla Municipal Utility
Assets	8			
Cash and investments	\$ 5,229,884	\$ 3,225,081	\$ 8,454,965	\$ 21,338,354
Taxes receivable, net	1,992,605	-	1,992,605	-
Utilities receivable, net	-	1,078,868	1,078,868	3,083,666
Other accounts receivable	1,042,538	-	1,042,538	194,901
Court fines receivable, net	78,378	-	78,378	-
Intergovernmental receivable	141,737	-	141,737	-
Special assessments receivable	61,615	-	61,615	-
Accrued interest receivable	-	3,778	3,778	
Inventory	34,265	-	34,265	709,674
Prepaid items	45,363	-	45,363	259,660
Restricted cash and investments	837,970	1,042,058	1,880,028	-
Net pension asset	3,105,308	647,305	3,752,613	2,982,350
Capital assets:				-
Not being depreciated	12,903,897	2,910,922	15,814,819	2,704,815
Being depreciated, net of depreciation	63,478,312	24,072,207	87,550,519	35,210,658
Total assets	88,951,872	32,980,219	121,932,091	66,484,078
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
OPEB related deferred outflows	626,622	171,227	797,849	51,296
Pension related deferred outflows	1,144,909	237,459	1,382,368	171,840
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,771,531	408,686	2,180,217	223,136
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	1,251,936	263,229	1,515,165	3,056,630
Accrued expenses	230,108	71,030	301,138	32,023
Police evidence payable	11,072	-	11,072	-
Deposits payable	-	-	-	1,796,404
Court bonds payable	2,966	-	2,966	•
Refundable permits	31,865	-	31,865	-
Accrued interest payable	72,068	58,138	130,206	5,033
Arbitrage payable	-	79,228	79,228	-
Net OPEB liability	5,531,666	1,381,334	6,913,000	488,638
Long term debt:				
Due to other governments	-	280,000	280,000	-
Due within one year	1,790,569	1,001,190	2,791,759	305,292
Due in more than one year	6,020,588	6,358,529	12,379,117	572,537
Total liabilities	14,942,838	9,492,678	24,435,516	6,256,557
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
OPEB related deferred inflows	183,161	44,140	227,301	15,148
Pension related deferred inflows	1,397,857	172,031	1,569,888	870,741
Asset purchase agreement				250,000
Total deferred inflow of resources	1,581,018	216,171	1,797,189	1,135,889
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	68,906,274	19,780,235	88,686,509	37,225,473
Restricted :				
Pension benefits	2,852,360	712,733	3,565,093	2,283,449
Debt service	- ,	1,042,058	1,042,058	-
Streets	1,992,012	-	1,992,012	-
Parks and recreation	310,935	-	310,935	-
Unrestricted	137,966	2,145,030	2,282,996	19,805,846
Total net position	\$ 74,199,547	\$ 23,680,056	\$ 97,879,603	\$ 59,314,768

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

City of Rolla, Missouri Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

					Program Revenue		Net (Expense) Re	Component Unit		
			-		Operating	Capital		Primary Governmen		Rolla
				Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type		Municipal
Function	s/Programs		Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Utility
		_	LAPEIISES	Jervices	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Othity
	government:									
	nental activities									
Administra		\$	556,580	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (556,580)	\$ -	\$ (556,580)	\$ -
Administra	ator		331,910	-	-	-	(331,910)	-	(331,910)	-
Finance			602,573	55,922	-	-	(546,651)	-	(546,651)	-
Legal serv	rices		72,829	-	-	-	(72,829)	-	(72,829)	-
City court			86,375	-	-	-	(86,375)		(86,375)	-
	mmunications		1,104,175	1,042,632	-	-	(61,543)	-	(61,543)	-
Animal sh	elter		138,128	6,929	34,499	-	(96,700)	-	(96,700)	-
Police			4,095,098	259,548	187,265	82,420	(3,565,865)	-	(3,565,865)	-
Fire			4,049,039	534,829	10,200	-	(3,504,010)		(3,504,010)	
Building m	naintenance		82,666	-	-	_	(82,666)	-	(82,666)	_
Engineerin			860.582	_	_	_	(860,582)		(860,582)	_
•	ty development		434,017	93,719	_		(340,298)	_	(340,298)	
Library	, acrosopment		237,131	243,197	_		6,066		6,066	
	development		235,338	60,300		-	(175,038)	-	(175,038)	•
Public wor			6,147,213	1,296,442	-	271.852	(4,578,919)	•		•
	recreation				•	2/1,852		-	(4,578,919)	-
	recreation		3,150,443	1,317,318	-		(1,833,125)	-	(1,833,125)	-
Airport			1,036,428	377,552	-	222,117	(436,759)	•	(436,759)	-
Cemetery			-	46,030	-	-	46,030	-	46,030	-
	on long-term debt		264,469	-	-	-	(264,469)	-	(264,469)	
Total gov	ernmental activities		23,484,994	5,334,418	231,964	576,389	(17,342,223)	<u> </u>	(17,342,223)	
	s-type activities									
Sewer			3,205,857	3,666,648	-	-	-	460,791	460,791	460,791
Environme	ental services		3,379,676	3,479,462	13,114	-		112,900	112,900	112,900
Total bus	siness-type activities		6,585,533	7,146,110	13,114	-	-	573,691	573,691	573,691
Total prim	nary government	\$	30,070,527	\$ 12,480,528	\$ 245,078	\$ 576,389	(17,342,223)	573,691	(16,768,532)	573,691
Compone										
Total com	nponent unit	\$	30,586,187	\$ 31,623,574	\$ -	\$ 336,281	· ———			1,373,668
		General	revenues:							
		Taxes	s:							
		Pro	perty taxes				1,247,116	-	1,247,116	-
		Sa	les taxes				9,800,298	-	9,800,298	
		Mo	tor vehicle				794.289	-	794.289	-
		Pa	yment in lieu of	taxes			1,535,660	-	1,535,660	-
		Ott	ner				456,552		456,552	_
			anchise fees				551,845	_	551,845	
			estment income				87,538	118,302	205,840	218,655
			ner				188,779	12,901	201,680	306,257
		Transfe					543,500	(543,500)	201,000	300,237
			ıl general reveni	uac			15,205,577	(412,297)	14,793,280	524,912
			nge in net positi					161,394		
				on of year, as restate			(2,136,646)		(1,975,252)	1,898,580
			ition, beginning ition, end of yea		ea		76,336,193 \$ 74,199,547	23,518,662 \$ 23,680,056	99,854,855 \$ 97,879,603	\$ 57,416,188 \$ 59,314,768

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

II. A. 24.

CITY OF ROLLA, MISSOURI Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds September 30, 2019

		General	s	treet	Recreation Center	Parks	Airport	Cemetery	Park Land Reserve	Go	Total evernmental Funds
Assets											
Cash and investments	\$	1,541,181	\$	1,099,968	1,577,966	\$ 252,379	\$ 23,126	\$ 364,222	\$ 122,316	\$	4,981,158
Taxes receivable, net		1,119,831		694,649	11	178,114	-	-	-		1,992,605
Other accounts receivable		413,803		457,797	5,685	8,474	10,473	-	-		896,232
Court fines receivable, net		78,378		-	-	-	-	-	-		78,378
Due from other funds		135,740		-	-	-	-	-	-		135,740
Intergovernmental receivable		33,442		104,609	•	-	3,686	\ <u>-</u>	-		141,737
Special assessments receivable		51,419		10,196	-	-	-	-	-		61,615
Inventory		-		-	-	-	34,265	-	-		34,265
Prepaid items		45,363		-	-	-	-	-	-		45,363
Restricted cash and investments		837,970		-	-	 <u>-</u>	 	-	-		837,970
Total Assets	\$	4,257,127	\$	2,367,219	\$ 1,583,662	\$ 438,967	\$ 71,550	\$ 364,222	\$ 122,316	\$	9,205,063
Liabilities											
Accounts payable	\$	516,402	\$	332,673	\$ 36,407	\$ 112,976	\$ 13,650	\$ 600	\$ -	\$	1,012,708
Accrued liabilities		160,271		32,338	19,141	15,056	3,302		-		230,108
Due to other funds		-		-	-	-	135,740	-	-		135,740
Police evidence payable		11,072		-	-	-	-	-	-		11,072
Court bonds payable		2,966		-	-	-	-	-	-		2,966
Refundable permits		31,665		-	200	-	-	 -	-		31,865
Total Liabilities		722,376		365,011	 55,748	128,032	152,692	 600	-		1,424,459
Deferred inflows of resources Unavailable revenue		F4 440		40.400							04.045
Special assessments		51,419		10,196	-	 -	-	 -	-		61,615
Total deferred inflows of resources		51,419		10,196	-	 -	-	 -	-		61,615
Fund balances:											
Nonspendable:							0.4.005				04.005
Inventory		45.000		-	-	-	34,265	•	•		34,265
Prepaid items		45,363		-	-	-	-	-	•		45,363
Due from other funds - long-term		135,740		-	, ,	•	-	-	-		135,740
Restricted for: Police		94.420									04.400
Animal shelter		84,429		-	-	-	•	-	-		84,429
		575,755		-	-	-	•	•	-		575,755
Economic development		130,050		-	•	-	•	-	-		130,050
Capital outlay		44,770		-	•	-	-	-	-		44,770
Street		-		1,992,012	-	240.025	-	•	-		1,992,012
Parks and recreation		-		-	•	310,935	•	-	-		310,935
Assigned for:					4.507.044						4 507 044
Parks and recreation		-		-	1,527,914	-	-	-	-		1,527,914
Cemetery		-		-	-	-	-	363,622			363,622
Park land reserve		- 407.005		-	-	-	-	-	122,316		122,316
Unassigned		2,467,225	-	-	 4.55= 51:	-	 (115,407)	-	 -		2,351,818
Total fund balance	-	3,483,332	•	1,992,012	1,527,914	 310,935	(81,142)	363,622	122,316		7,718,989
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	4,257,127	\$:	2,367,219	\$ 1,583,662	\$ 438,967	\$ 71,550	\$ 364,222	\$ 122,316	\$	9,205,063
		*			 		 	 			

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

II.A.25.

CITY OF ROLLA, MISSOURI

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2019

Fund balances of governmental funds	\$ 7,718,989
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental fund statements.	76,382,209
Net pension assets are not due and available to be used as current period resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental fund statements.	3,105,308
Deferred outflows and inflows related to pension and OPEB activity are not required to be reported in the governmental funds but are required to be reported in the Statement of Net Position	190,513
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and	
Long-term liabilities	(7,811,157)
OPEB	(5,531,666)
Certain revenues are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds.	61,615
Liabilities for interest on long-term debt are recognized only when due in the governmental fund statements but are accrued in the government-wide statements.	(72,068)
The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Fund are included in the governmental activities statement of net position.	155,804
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 74,199,547

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

CITY OF ROLLA, MISSOURI Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

	0	-1	2 4 4	R	tecreation		Part.		A Joseph Co.		0		Park Land	Go	Total vernmental
Revenues:	Gener	aı	Street		Center		Parks		Airport		Cemetery		Reserve		Funds
Taxes	\$ 7.89	7,998 \$	4,318,264	œ	474	œ	1,374,132	œ		\$		\$		\$	12 500 969
Licenses and permits		7,990 p 3,287	4,316,204	Φ	4/4	Ф	1,374,132	Φ	•	Ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	13,590,868 203,287
Intergovernmental		8,337	1,917,739		-				- 222,116		-		-		4,538,192
Charges for services		6,33 <i>1</i> 5,327	247,469		- 1,033,181						10.260				1,934,342
Fines and forfeitures			247,469		1,033,161		206,704		381,401		10,260		-		
		5,867			24.260		2 422				2 242		730		215,867
Investment income Miscellaneous		4,278	15,683		24,369		3,423		573		3,312				82,368
Total Revenues		8,885	9,686		20,788		20,659	_	10,709		- 40.570		27,000	_	247,727
Total Revenues	10,96	3,979	6,508,841		1,078,812		1,604,918		614,799		13,572		27,730		20,812,651
Expenditures:															
Current:															
Administrative	42	0,997	-		-		-		-		-		-		420,997
Administrator	32	7,617	-		-		-		-		-		-		327,617
Finance	59	6,210	-		-		-		-		-		-		596,210
Legal services	7	2,829	· -		-		-		-		-		-		72,829
City court	8	7,427	-		-		-		-		-		-		87,427
911 telecommunications	1,07	0,600	-		-		-		-		-		-		1,070,600
Animal shelter	13	3,249	-		-				-		-		-		133,249
Police	3,42	9,906	-		-						-		-		3,429,906
Fire	3,18	1,202	-		-		-		-		-		-		3,181,202
Building maintenance	7	5,094	-		-						-		-		75,094
Engineering	82	5,997	-		-		-		-		-		-		825,997
Community development	42	0,592	-		-		-		-		-		-		420,592
Library	24	0,606	-		-		-		-		-		-		240,606
Economic development	23	7,403	-		-		-				-		-		237,403
Public works		-	2,242,619		-		-		-		_		-		2,242,619
Parks and recreation		-	_		1,436,107		1,148,772	-			_		-		2,584,879
Airport		-	-		-	-			706,734		-		-		706,734
Capital outlay	34	9,352	3,040,170		81,626		332,045		5,458		-		_		3,808,651
Debt service:									•						
Principal	45	0,752	803,216		51,593		_		39,446		_		_		1,345,007
Interest and other fiscal charges		3,057	91,194		6,065		_		10,789		-		-		246,105
Total Expenditures	12,05		6,177,199		1,575,391		1,480,817		762,427		•				22,053,724
Excess of Revenues															
Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,09	3,911)	331,642		(496,579)		124,101		(147,628)		13,572		27,730		(1,241,073)
Other financing sources (uses):															
Transfers in	1,16	2,850	-		-		-		220,000		-		-		1,382,850
Transfers out	(22	0,000)	(475,125)		(72,125)		(72,100)				-		_		(839,350)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	94	2,850	(475,125)		(72,125)		(72,100)		220,000		•				543,500
Net change in fund balances	(15	1,061)	(143,483)		(568,704)		52,001		72,372		13,572		27,730		(697,573)
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year	3,63	1,393	2,135,495		2,096,618		258,934		(153,514)		350,050		94,586		8,416,562
Fund balances (deficit), end of year	\$ 3,48	3,332 \$	1,992,012	\$	1,527,914	\$	310,935	\$	(81,142)	\$	363,622	\$	122,316	\$	7,718,989

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

II.A.27.

CITY OF ROLLA, MISSOURI

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(697,573)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay costs in excess of capitalization threshold		1,909,963
Depreciation		(3,444,815)
Disposal of capital assets		(10,458)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are reported as deferred inflows in the governmental funds.		
Other revenues		(12,973)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Changes in long-term debt, net Changes in deferred amount on refunding Changes in accrued interest expense		1,366,831 (9,132) (31,056)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Change in compensated absences and other post employment benefits payable		(344,559)
Changes in net pension asset, deferred outflows and inflows		(522,942)
The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The net income (loss) of certain activities of the Internal Service Fund are included in the governmental activities.		(339,932)
Change in not position of governmental activities	•	(0.400.040)
Change in net position of governmental activities	_\$_	(2,136,646)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

II.A.28.

CITY OF ROLLA, MISSOURI Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds September 30, 2019

Enterprise Funds Internal Environmental Service Sewer Services Totals Fund Assets Current assets: Cash and investments 1,731,072 \$ 1,494,009 \$ 3,225,081 \$ 248,726 Utility receivables, net 674,765 404,103 1,078,868 Other accounts receivable 146,306 3,778 Accrued interest receivable 3,778 Total current assets 2,409,615 1,898,112 4,307,727 395,032 Noncurrent assets: Restricted cash and investments 1,042,058 1,042,058 Net Pension Asset 263,148 384,157 647,305 Capital assets: Not being depreciated 2,240,259 670,663 2,910,922 Being depreciated, net of depreciation 21,113,741 24,072,207 2,958,466 24,659,206 Total noncurrent assets 4,013,286 28,672,492 Total assets 27,068,821 5,911,398 32,980,219 395,032 **Deferred Outflows of Resources** OPEB related deferred outflows 63,728 107,499 171,227 Pension related deferred outflows 96,335 141,124 237,459 160,063 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 248,623 408,686 Liabilities Current liabilities: Accounts payable 148.699 114 530 263 229 239 228 Accrued liabilities 31,864 39,166 71,030 Accrued interest payable 58,138 58,138 Arbitrage payable 79,228 79,228 Current maturities on long-term debt 937,490 63,700 1,001,190 Total current liabilities: 1,255,419 217,396 1,472,815 239,228 Long-term liabilities: Due to other governments 280,000 280,000 Net OPEB liability 500,572 880,762 1,381,334 Due in more than one year 6,316,054 42,475 6,358,529 Total long-term liabilities: 7,096,626 923,237 8,019,863 **Total liabilities** 8,352,045 1,140,633 9,492,678 239,228 **Deferred Inflows of Resources** OPEB related deferred inflows 15,813 28,327 44,140 Pension related deferred inflows 70,079 101,952 172,031 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 85,892 130,279 216,171 Net position 16,151,106 3,629,129 Net investment in capital assets 19,780,235 Restricted 1,331,462 423,329 1,754,791 Unrestricted 1,308,379 836,651 2,145,030 155,804

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Total net position

18,790,947

4,889,109

23,680,056

155,804

CITY OF ROLLA, MISSOURI Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position **Proprietary Funds** For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

			-			
			 vironmontol			Internal
		Sewer	vironmental Services	Totals		Service Fund
		Sewer	 Services	Totals		Fund
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services - Utilities	\$	3,666,244	\$ 3,479,462	\$ 7,145,706	\$	-
Charges - other departments		-	â	-		3,210,031
Contributions - Employees		-	-	_		822,672
Miscellaneous		404	-	404		
Total operating revenues		3,666,648	 3,479,462	7,146,110		4,032,703
Operating expenses:						
Personnel services		979,835	1,616,545	2,596,380		-
Contractual services		314,800	103,902	418,702		-
Repairs and maintenance		464,330	307,171	771,501		-
Supplies		13,730	186,282	200,012		-
Utilities		285,432	23,884	309,316		-
Insurance claims and expenses		59,563	75,809	135,372		4,377,805
Landfill		-	711,745	711,745		-
Depreciation		797,965	329,535	1,127,500		-
Miscellaneous		29,499	24,803	54,302		
Total operating expenses		2,945,154	3,379,676	6,324,830		4,377,805
Operating income (loss)		721,494	99,786	821,280		(345,102)
Nonoperating revenues:						
Sale of capital assets		4,454	8,447	12,901		-
Intergovernmental		-	13,114	13,114		-
Interest income		115,836	2,466	118,302		5,170
Interest and fiscal charges	•	(260,703)	-	(260,703)		
Total nonoperating revenues		(140,413)	24,027	(116,386)		5,170
Income (loss) before transfers		581,081	123,813	704,894		(339,932)
Transfers out		(371,300)	(172,200)	(543,500)		-
Change in net position		209,781	(48,387)	161,394		(339,932)
Total net position, beginning of year, as restated		18,581,166	4,937,496	23,518,662	_	495,736
Total net position, end of year	\$	18,790,947	\$ 4,889,109	\$ 23,680,056	\$	155,804

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

CITY OF ROLLA, MISSOURI Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Enterprise Funds							
		Sewer	E	nvironmental Services		Totals	Internal Service Fund	
Cash flows from operating activities:								
Receipts from customers and others	\$	3,645,476	\$	3,461,224	\$	7,106,700	\$ 3,957,349	
Payments to suppliers		(1,347,499)		(1,436,262)	(2,783,761)	(4,277,222)	
Payments to employees		(975,808)		(1,593,209)	(2,569,017)	 -	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		1,322,169		431,753		1,753,922	(319,873)	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:								
Transfers in (out)		(371,300)		(172,200)		(543,500)	-	
Payments to other governments		(262,500)		-		(262,500)	-	
Intergovernmental operating grants		-		13,114		13,114	 -	
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		(633,800)		(159,086)		(792,886)		
Cash flows from investing activities:								
Interest received		119,378		2,466		121,844	5,170	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	_	119,378		2,466		121,844	5,170	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:								
Purchases of capital assets		(1,513,837)		(291,078)	(1,804,915)	-	
Debt proceeds		1,520,000		-		1,520,000	-	
Payment of debt principal		(866,787)		-		(866,787)	-	
Payment of interest expense		(266,713)		_		(266,713)	-	
Intergovernmental capital grants grants		-		-		-	-	
Net cash provided by (used in) capital								
and related financing activities		(1,127,337)		(291,078)	(1,418,415)	 	
Net change in cash and equivalents		(319,590)		(15,945)		(335,535)	(314,703)	
Cash and equivalents, beginning of year		3,092,720		1,509,954		4,602,674	563,429	
Cash and equivalents, end of year	\$	2,773,130	\$			4,267,139	\$ 248,726	
Total cash and investments reported on the								
Statement of Net Position	\$	2,773,130	\$	1,494,009	\$	4,267,139	\$ 248,726	
Cash and investments reported on the								
Statement of Net Position								
Cash and investments	\$	1,731,072	\$	1,494,009		3,225,081	\$ 248,726	
Restricted cash and investments	_	1,042,058		-		1,042,058	 -	
Total cash and investments	\$	2,773,130	\$	1,494,009	\$	4,267,139	\$ 248,726	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash								
provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$	721,494	\$	99,786		821,280	\$ (345,102)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to								
net cash used by operations:								
Depreciation		797,965		329,535		1,127,500	-	
Change in compensated absences and OPEB		95,923		162,814		258,737	-	
Changes in net pension asset/liability		94,295		138,499		232,794	-	
Changes in deferred outflows of resources		(103,269)		(165,576)		(268,845)	-	
Changes in deferred inflows of resources		(81,189)		(119,805)		(200,994)	-	
Changes in:								
Receivables		(21,172)		(18,238)		(39,410)	(71,910)	
Prepaid expenses and deposits		37,964		59,881		97,845	-	
Accounts and claims payable		(217,255)		(62,547)		(279,802)	100,583	
Accrued liabilities		(1,733)		7,404		5,671		
Arbitrage payable		(854)		-		(854)		
Unearned revenue		•		•		-	(3,444)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	1,322,169	\$	431,753	<u> </u>	1,753,922	\$ (319,873)	

City of Rolla, Missouri Notes to the Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2019

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Rolla, Missouri (the City) was incorporated on January 25, 1861, under the provisions of the State of Missouri. The City operates under a City Council-Mayor form of government and provides a variety of general governmental services to residents including general administrative services, public safety, public works, parks and recreation, airport, and cemetery operations. Other services include sewer and sanitation operations. Rolla Municipal Utilities (RMU) provides water and electric services.

The accounting and reporting policies of the City conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States of America applicable to local governments. The following represent the more significant accounting and reporting policies and practices of the City.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the government for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The accompanying financial statements present the City (the primary government) and any component units over which the City exercises significant influence. Significant influence or accountability is based primarily on operational or financial relationships with the City (as distinct from legal relationships). In determining the financial reporting entity, the City complies with GAAP, and includes all component units of which the City appointed a voting majority of the units' board and the City is either able to impose its will on the unit or a financial benefit or burden exists.

The City has developed criteria to determine whether outside agencies with activities which benefit the citizens of the City, including joint agreements, should be included within its financial reporting entity. The criteria include, but are not limited to, whether the City exercises oversight responsibility, which includes financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters, scope of public service, and special financing relationships. Component units are reported in the City's financial statements as follows:

Discretely Presented Component Unit

A discretely presented component unit is a separate legal entity that meets the component unit criteria. This criteria includes the ability to impose its will on or significantly influence the organization or if a financial benefit or burden relationship exists.

The Rolla Municipal Utility (RMU) RMU was established by City Ordinance in 1944. RMU is operated by a Board of Public Works, the members of which are appointed by the Mayor and approved by the City Council. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, after consideration of the financial benefits and other criteria, RMU has been included as a component unit in the City's reporting entity and is discretely presented as such in the basic financial statements. RMU's audited component unit financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2019, are available in their entirety at RMU.

Related Organizations

After due consideration of each criteria, especially the substance of the City's relationship with organizations/entities and using professional judgment, an organization was excluded from the City's financial statements because significant financial accountability does not exist. This organization together with the reasons for its exclusion from the City's reporting entity is as follows:

The Phelps County Landfill Board (Landfill Board) is an independent organization that operates a county-wide landfill. The board members are representatives of the cities within Phelps County, Missouri, and a representative of the Phelps County Commission. The City provides daily managerial and accounting services for a monthly fee. The Landfill Board maintains oversight responsibility and holds title to its assets. The City does not have budgetary authority, has no control over selection of board members, and is not responsible for funding deficits. The landfill has been closed and is no longer accepting refuse. However, the Landfill Board operates a transfer station for disposal of area solid waste.

I. A.32.

City of Rolla, Missouri Notes to the Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2019

The Rolla Public Library is a political subdivision of the State of Missouri created under Chapter 182 of the Missouri Revised Statutes. The Library is governed by a Board of Directors appointed by the Mayor of the City. The Board of Directors possesses its own contracting and budgetary authority, hires and fires personnel, and does not depend on the City for operating subsidies. Although the City does serve as the taxing authority, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the tax rate and purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Directors. Financial information may be obtained from Rolla Public Library at 900 Pine Street, Rolla, MO 65401.

B. Basis of Presentation

The City's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the City as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the City's major funds).

Government-wide financial statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the City, the primary government. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties. Expenses are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the City.

Fund financial statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the City. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions of the City are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (other than those in Proprietary Funds) are accounted for through Governmental Funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position, rather than upon net income determination.

The following is the City's major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in other funds.

Street Fund - The Street Fund of the City is used to account for resources restricted, committed, or assigned for the street department and certain other capital improvements within the City.

Recreation Center Fund - The Recreation Center Fund is used to account for tax revenues and charges for services that are restricted, committed, or assigned for the City's recreation center.

Parks Fund - The Parks Fund is used to account for tax revenues and charges for services that are restricted, committed, or assigned for the City's parks.

Airport Fund - The Airport Fund is used to account for charges for services and expenditures that are restricted, committed, or assigned for the City's airport.

21 II. A. 33.

City of Rolla, Missouri Notes to the Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2019

Cemetery Fund - The Cemetery Fund is used to account for resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned for the City's cemetery.

Park Land Reserve Fund - The Park Land Reserve Fund is used to account for proceeds that are restricted, committed, or assigned from the sale of park land.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary Funds are used to account for the City's ongoing activities which are similar to those found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position.

The following are the City's major proprietary funds:

Sewer Fund - The Sewer Fund accounts for the activities and capital improvements of the City's sewer system.

Environmental Services Fund - The Environmental Services Fund accounts for the activities and capital improvements of the City's sanitation department and recycling center.

Internal Service Fund - The Internal Service Fund accounts for the costs of self-insurance funds on a cost reimbursement basis.

C. Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned or when all eligibility requirements have been satisfied and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, sales tax, and donations. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. This is a similar approach to that used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, the governmental fund financial statements include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable.

Revenue Recognition

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, certain revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available. The City considers all revenues for investment earnings, special assessments, state levied locally shared taxes (including motor vehicle fees) and other intergovernmental revenues to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Proceeds and payments of long-term debt are reported as other financing sources and uses.



Expenditure Recognition

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Most expenditures are measurable and are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, principal and interest on general long-term debt, which have not matured are recognized when due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

The economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting are utilized by the proprietary funds. Under this basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with a proprietary fund's activities are included on its statement of net position and statement of activities. Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. All other revenues and expenses are considered nonoperating.

D. Cash and Investments

The City maintains a cash and investment pool in which most of the City's funds share. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed in the financial statements as cash and investments, and investments made in accordance with bond ordinances are reflected as restricted cash and investments. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Government, State of Missouri, bonds, bills or notes guaranteed by the U.S., state or city governments, certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, banker's acceptances, and commercial paper. Investments are reported at fair value based on quoted market prices. Interest earned from the pool is allocated to the funds based on average monthly cash and investment balances.

E. Accounts Receivable

Governmental activities' accounts receivable consists of miscellaneous services provided to citizens. Businesstype activities represent billed and unbilled charges for sewer and environmental services. Accounts receivable are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts.

F. Prepaid Items

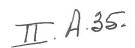
Prepaid items reflect the payment of insurance premiums for coverage that benefits more than one fiscal period. The premium amounts are amortized using the consumption method over the policy periods in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

G. Inventory

Inventory for the City is stated at the lower of costs of market using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories primarily consist of materials and supplies. The costs of these inventories are recorded as an expense when consumed or sold. RMU inventories are stated at lower of cost or market. Cost is determined using the average cost method.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, buildings, improvements, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, storm sewers, and similar items) and are included in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are charged to expenditures when purchased in the governmental fund statements and capitalized in the proprietary fund statements. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value as of the date of the donation.



Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of greater than one year. Additions or improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset, or that significantly increase the capacity of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Fully depreciated capital assets are included in their respective accounts until their disposal.

Depreciable assets (which do not include land or construction-in-progress assets) are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Primary Government

	Years
Buildings and improvements	15 – 50
Machinery and equipment	5 – 40
Vehicles	5 – 20
Infrastructure – Streets	7 – 50
Transmission lines and mains	30 – 50

RMU

Electric plant:	Years
General electric plant	20
Transportation equipment	6 ² / ₃
Power operated equipment	6 ² / ₃
Stores, laboratory, tools, communication	
and miscellaneous equipment	10
Water plant:	
General water plant	331/3
Pumping plant	10
Chlorination and fluoridation equipment	20
Laboratory and general equipment	10

I. Compensated Absences

Annual vacation leave is earned by all full-time City employees. Upon termination, employees are entitled to receive compensation for up to 6 weeks unused accrued vacation leave. Effective October 1, 1990, the City adopted a sick leave policy whereby full-time employees with five years or more employment with the City can accumulate up to 18 weeks of sick leave.

Upon retirement or resignation in good faith, full-time employees are entitled to one-fourth (1/4) regular pay; [one-sixth (1/6) regular pay for nonexempt fire personnel] for the first nine weeks unused sick leave and one-half (1/2) regular pay [one-third (1/3) regular pay for fire personnel] for any unused sick leave above nine weeks to a maximum of 18 weeks in total.

Liabilities for compensated absences are determined at the end of the year based on current salary rates. Compensated absences are reported in the statement of net position for both the governmental and business-type activities. The accumulated annual leave of the Enterprise Funds is included as an accrued liability of such funds.

Liability for sick leave was recognized during the current year based on the following criteria:

- a) The City's obligation relating to sick leave is attributable to employees' services already rendered.
- b) The obligation relates to rights that vest or accumulate.
- c) The amount can be reasonably estimated based on current pay rates.

II.A.36.

Compensated absences are recorded as a liability in the statement of net position.

Under terms of RMU's personnel policy, employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts. In the event of termination or separation, employees are compensated for earned, but unused, vacation time up to a maximum of 240 hours. An employee who retires or dies while in service; and having a minimum of 20 years of service with RMU and is eligible to receive retirement benefits from the Missouri Local Government Employee Retirement System (LAGERS) is entitled to receive 25% of unused accumulated sick leave up to the first 360 hours and 50% of any unused sick leave of the next 360 hours. Liabilities for compensated absences are determined at the end of the year based on current salary rates.

J. Deferred Outflows/inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item results from actuarial assumption changes, the change in actual and projected experience in calculating the pension asset, and pension contributions made by the City subsequent to the pension valuation date. The contribution amount will be applied during the next fiscal year while the changes in actual versus projected amounts will be amortized over five to seven years. The second item relates to the change in assumptions related to calculating the OPEB liability. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an outflow of resources in future periods.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item relates to the change in actual and projected experience in calculating the pension liability and the difference between actual and projected earnings in calculating the net pension asset. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available over five to seven years. The second item relates to the change in assumptions related to calculating the OPEB liability. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in future periods. The third item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues related to special assessment taxes... These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS) and additions to/deductions from LAGERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LAGERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

K. Interfund Activity

Loans – amounts provided with a requirement for repayment. Interfund loans are reported as interfund receivables (i.e., due from other funds) in lender funds and interfund payables (i.e. due to other funds) in borrower funds.

Services provided and used – sales and purchases of goods and services between funds for a price approximating their fair value. Interfund services provided and used are reported as revenues in funds providing the good or service and expenditures or expenses in the fund purchasing the good or service. Unpaid amounts are reported as interfund receivables and payables in the fund balance sheets or statement of net position.

Transfers – flows of assets (such as cash or goods) without equivalent flows of assets in return and without a requirement for repayment. In governmental funds, transfers are reported as other financing uses in the funds making transfers and as other financing sources in the funds receiving transfers.

II. A.37.

L. Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following fund balance classifications:

Non-Spendable – This consists of amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – This consists of amounts where constraints are placed on the use of those resources which are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – The portion of a governmental fund's fund balances with self-imposed constraints or limitations by formal action (resolution) of the City Council, the highest level of decision- making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Council removes the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment.

Assigned – This consists of amounts which are constrained by City management's intent to be used for a specific purpose but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. In accordance with the approved City policy only the City Council has the authority to assign amounts for a specific purpose in this category.

Unassigned – This consists of the residual fund balance that does not meet the requirements for the non-spendable, restricted, committed, or assigned classifications. A positive unassigned fund balance is only possible in the general fund.

The City has a fund balance policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The policy is to use restricted resources first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance.

City Council has formally adopted a minimum unassigned fund balance policy of 25% (three months) of operating expenditures in the General Fund

M. Net Position Classifications

In the government-wide statements, equity is shown as net position and classified into three components:

Net investment in capital assets – consisting of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgage notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position – consisting of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

Unrestricted net position – All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

II. A. 38.

N. Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, short-term investments and certificates of deposit with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the City, if any, are considered cash equivalents

O. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

The Missouri Revised Statutes (RSMo.) require all political subdivisions of the State prepare an annual budget. Governmental funds required to have legally adopted budgets include the general fund. Annual budgets for all governmental funds are adopted using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Budgeted expenditures cannot exceed budgeted revenues and unencumbered positive fund balances as required by Section 67.010 RSMo.

Actual expenditures exceeded budgeted appropriation in the General Fund by \$531,315.

RSMo section 302.341 requires the City to annually calculate the percentage of its general revenue that comes from traffic violations. Any such revenues that exceed 20% of total general revenues are required to be transferred to the Director of the Missouri Department of Revenue. In the current year, the City has reported fines and forfeitures, which includes traffic violations and other additional items, in the amount of \$215,867. This amount is approximately 2.5% of total general revenues of \$10,973,873 and, accordingly, the management of the City believes that they are in compliance with the requirements of the Statute.

The Airport Fund has a deficit fund balance at September 30, 2019 of (\$81,142). This deficit will be financed through future revenues of the fund.

P. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(2) Cash and Investments

A summary of the carrying values of deposits, investments and petty cash at September 30, 2019 is as follows:

Total cash and investments	\$ 31,673,347
Petty cash	 2,905
Investments held in trust	171,440
Investments	413,051
Deposits	\$ 31,085,951

These carrying values are reflected in the financial statements as follows:

Primary Government:	
Government-wide:	
Cash and investments	\$ 8,454,965
Restricted cash and investments	1,880,028
	10,334,993
Component unit:	
Cash and investments	21,338,354
Total cash and investments	\$ 31,673,347

II.A.39.

Investment Policy

The City and RMU deposits and invests all monies as allowed by state statute and in accordance with its respective investment policy. State statutes allow deposits in open accounts and certificates of deposit, and to invest in direct obligations of the U.S. Government, U.S. Government agency obligations and repurchase agreements. Statutes also require that collateral pledged must have a fair value equal to 100% of the funds on deposit, less FDIC insured amounts. Pledged securities must be held by the City and RMU or a disinterested third party and must be of the kind prescribed by states statutes and approved by the State of Missouri.

The City maintains a cash and investment pool, which is available for use by most funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is displayed as cash and investments or in restricted cash and investments. Interest earned is allocated to the funds based on average monthly cash and investment balances. Cash and investments are held separately by some of the City's funds. Additionally, certain restricted cash and investments are invested in accordance with bond ordinances by the trustee in guaranteed investment contracts and money market mutual funds.

Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the City or RMU will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. For deposits, the City and RMU follows state statutes which require pledged collateral with a fair value equal to 100% of the funds on deposit, less FDIC insured amounts. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the City or RMU will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's and RMU's policy is to collateralize all deposits and repurchase agreements with securities held by the financial institution's agent and in the City's or RMU's name but does not limit the holdings of any one counterparty.

At September 30, 2019, the City's deposits were insured by Federal depository insurance and uninsured deposits were fully collateralized by securities held by the City's agent in the City's name.

At September 30, 2019, RMU's deposits were insured by Federal depository insurance and uninsured deposits were fully collateralized by securities held by the RMU's agent in the RMU's name.

The carrying amount and maturity segment for the City's investments at September 30, 2019 are as follows:

			Investmen	it Maturity			
Investments	 Total	_1 y	ear or less	1 t	o 5 years		
Guaranteed investment contracts Money market mutual funds	\$ 413,051 171,440	\$	- 171,440	\$	413,051 -		
Totals	\$ 584,491	\$	171,440	\$	413,051		

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will be unable to fulfill its obligations. It is the City's and RMU's policy to minimize credit risk by limiting its investments to Certificates of Deposit, bonds, or other obligations of the United States, and other debt securities given the highest available rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest Rate Risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. In accordance with its investment policy, the City and RMU minimizes interest rate risk by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, therefore avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity and investing in primarily short-term securities.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's and RMU's investment policy do not limit the amount that can be invested with any one issuer. Investments that represent more than 5% of the City's investments consist of following as of September 30, 2019:

Investments	Fair Value	Percentage of Total Investments		
Guaranteed investment contracts Money market mutual funds	\$ 413,051 171,440	70.67% 29.33%		

Fair Value Measurements

The City classifies its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are prices quoted in active markets for those securities; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs using a matrix pricing technique; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. The inputs and methodologies used for valuing investment securities are not necessarily an indication of risk associated with investing in those securities. At September 30, 2019 the City's invested in guaranteed investment contracts and money market funds which are not subject to fair value level classification.

(3) Tax Revenues and Taxes Receivable

The City's property taxes are levied and recorded each November 1 on the assessed value as of the prior January 1 for all property located in the City and are delinquent on January 1 (the lien date) following the levy date. Assessed values are established by the county assessor, subject to review by the County's Board of Equalization. The assessed value of local property at January 1, 2018, was \$216,923,884.

The tax levy per \$100 of assessed valuation of tangible property for the tax year ended September 30, 2019 was as follows:

General Fund	\$ 0.4598
Public Library	0.1919
Parks Fund	0.1132
	\$ 0.7649

II A.41.

Tax revenues for the year ended September 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

	Property Tax	Sales Tax	PILOTS	F	ranchise Tax	Other Taxes	Total
General Fund	\$ 981,762	\$ 4,372,782	\$1,535,660	\$	551,845	\$ 455,949	\$ 7,897,998
Street Fund	-	4,318,264	-		-	-	4,318,264
Recreation Fund	-	474	-		-	-	474
Parks Fund	265,354	1,108,778	-		-	-	1,374,132
	\$ 1,247,116	\$ 9,800,298	\$1,535,660	\$	551,845	\$ 455,949	\$ 13,590,868

Taxes receivable consisted of the following at September 30, 2019:

	Р	Property Tax		Sales Tax				PILOTS	Fr	anchise Tax	Other Taxes	Total
General Fund	\$	25,495	\$	694,648	\$	325,570	\$	6,741	\$ 67,377	\$ 1,119,831		
Street Fund		-		694,649		-		-	-	694,649		
Recreation Fund		-		11		-		-	-	11		
Parks Fund		4,460		173,654		-		-	-	178,114		
	\$	29,955	\$	1,562,962	\$	325,570	\$	6,741	\$ 67,377	\$ 1,992,605		

(4) Intergovernmental Revenue/Receivables

Intergovernmental revenues for the year ended September 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

	General Fund		Street Fund	Airport Fund	Tot	al Governmental Funds
Grants - Federal, State and Local						
	\$	237,658	\$ 271,852	\$ 212,116	\$	721,626
State:						
Motor vehicle fees and taxes		176,685	617,605	_		794,290
Local:		,	,			•
Administrative fees and						
reimbursements		1,983,994	 1,028,282	 		3,012,276
Total intergovernmental revenue	\$	2,398,337	\$ 1,917,739	\$ 212,116	\$	4,528,192

II. A.42.

Amounts due from other governments at September 30, 2019, were as follows:

	Gene	eral Fund	Str	eet Fund	Airpe	ort Fund	 Total vernmental Funds
Grants - State and Local					,		
State:	\$	1,331	\$	-	\$	3,686	\$ 5,017
Motor vehicle fees and taxes		32,111		104,609			136,720
Total due from other governments	\$	33,442	\$	104,609	\$	3,686	\$ 141,737

(5) Interfund Activity

Transfers between funds for the year ended September 30, 2019 were as follows:

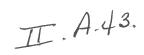
	Transfers in:									
		General		Airport						
		Fund		Fund		Total				
Transfers out:										
General Fund	\$	-	\$	220,000	\$	220,000				
Street Fund		475,125		-		475,125				
Recreation Fund		72,125		-		72,125				
Parks Fund		72,100		-		72,100				
Sewer Fund		371,300		-		371,300				
Environmental Services Fund		172,200		-		172,200				
Total	\$	1,162,850	\$	220,000	\$	1,382,850				

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) to use unrestricted revenues collected in a fund used to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Any transfers within the governmental funds or within the proprietary funds have been eliminated in the government-wide statement of activities.

Interfund receivable and payable balances as of September 30, 2019 were as follows:

		Due to:
	(General
Due from:		
Governmental activities:		
Airport Fund	\$	135,740
	\$	135,740

Amounts due to the General Fund from the Airport Fund represent advances for short-term cash flow needs.



(6) Capital Assets

A summary of the changes in capital assets for the ended September 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Balance September 30,			Balance September 30,
Governmental activities:	2018	Additions	Retirements	2019
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 12,824,329	\$ 79,568	\$ -	\$ 12,903,897
Construction in progress	1,117,113	-	1,117,113	-
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	13,941,442	79,568	1,117,113	12,903,897
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Building and improvements	28,429,475	245,428	-	28,674,903
Machinery and equipment	13,149,802	1,405,250	193,378	14,361,674
Infrastructure	85,563,317	1,296,830	-	86,860,147
Total capital assets being depreciated	127,142,594	2,947,508	193,378	129,896,724
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Building and improvements	15,769,135	989,991	-	16,759,126
Machinery and equipment	9,469,143	760,926	182,920	10,047,149
Infrastructure	37,918,239	1,693,898	-	39,612,137
Total accumulated depreciation	63,156,517	3,444,815	182,920	66,418,412
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	63,986,077			63,478,312
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 77,927,519		·	\$ 76,382,209

II. A.44.

	Balance September 3		Balance September 30,		
Sewer Fund	2018 *	Additions	Retirements	2019	
Capital assets, not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 716,50	9 \$ 145,152	\$ -	\$ 861,661	
Construction in progress	166,7	77 1,211,821	-	1,378,598	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	883,28	36 1,356,973	-	2,240,259	
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Building and improvements	1,871,04	- 13	-	1,871,043	
Machinery and equipment	2,153,58	3 121,098	-	2,274,681	
Sewer collection system	32,729,82	26 40,220	_	32,770,046	
Total capital assets being depreciated	36,754,4	52 161,318	-	36,915,770	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Building and improvements	1,374,35	128,305	-	1,502,659	
Machinery and equipment	1,390,37	'5 111,406	-	1,501,781	
Sewer collection system	12,239,33	558,254	-	12,797,589	
Total accumulated depreciation	15,004,06	34 797,965	-	15,802,029	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	21,750,38	38		21,113,741	
Sewer Fund capital assets, net	\$ 22,633,67	74		\$ 23,354,000	
* as restated			-		

	Se	Balance ptember 30,		al al'al' a sa a			Se	Balance eptember 30,
Environmental Services		2018	A	dditions	Ret	irements		2019
Capital assets, not being depreciated								
Land	\$	670,663	\$	-	\$	_	\$	670,663
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		670,663		-		-		670,663
Capital assets, being depreciated								
Building and improvements		2,912,070		-		-		2,912,070
Machinery and equipment		3,875,970		299,901		5,136		4,170,735
Total capital assets being depreciated		6,788,040		299,901		5,136		7,082,805
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Building and improvements		1,170,292		102,458		-		1,272,750
Machinery and equipment		2,629,272		227,077		4,760		2,851,589
Total accumulated depreciation		3,799,564		329,535		4,760		4,124,339
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		2,988,476						2,958,466
Environmental Services Fund capital assets, net	\$	3,659,139					\$	3,629,129

Depreciation expense was charged to functions and programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
Administrative	\$ 136,288
Finance	1,734
Animal shelter	7,861
Police	223,593
Fire	261,997
Building maintenance	7,978
Engineering	700
Community development	4,467
Public works	1,927,700
Parks and recreation	545,052
Airport	327,445
Governmental activities	\$ 3,444,815
Business-type Activities:	
Sewer	\$ 797,965
Environmental services	329,535
Total depreciation expense for	
Business-type activities	\$ 1,127,500

II. A.46.

RMU

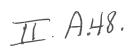
		For	the Yea	r Ended	Sept	ember 30,	201	9
	- 10	Balance						Balance
	Se	ptember 30,					Se	eptember 30,
		2018	Addi	tions	Re	tirements		2019
Capital assets not being depreciated:			-					
Land and land rights	\$	2,736,951	\$	_	\$	42,912	\$	2,694,039
Construction in process		10,500		276		-		10,776
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		2,747,451		276		42,912		2,704,815
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements		5,538,934		23,700		-		5,562,634
Office furniture, fixtures, and equipment		896,029	1	35,468		-		1,031,497
Transportation equipment		1,970,624	1.	26,287		55,949		2,040,962
Distribution system		66,477,129	1,5	45,696		258,034		67,764,791
Production system		8,452,373		7,302		-		8,459,675
Total capital assets being depreciated		83,335,089	1,8	38,453		313,983		84,859,559
Less - Accumulated depreciation for:			8	- *		r.		
Buildings and improvements		3,911,198	1	70,853		-		4,082,051
Office furniture, fixtures, and equipment		760,545		53,685				814,230
Transportation equipment		1,182,374	1-	48,610		55,949		1,275,035
Distribution system		34,248,309	2,0	06,295		258,034		35,996,570
Production system		7,068,954	4	12,061		-		7,481,015
Total accumulated depreciation		47,171,380	2,7	91,504		313,983		49,648,901
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	Б	36,163,709	(9	53,051)		-		35,210,658
Total capital assets, net	\$	38,911,160	\$ (9	52,775)	\$	42,912	\$	37,915,473

II.A.47.

(7) Long-Term Debt

A summary of the changes in long-term debt is as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Beginning of Year	Adjustments/ Additions	Adjustments/ Retirements	End of Year	Due Within One Year		
Capital lease obligations	\$ 3,426,402	\$ -	\$ 635,706	\$ 2,790,696	\$ 569,841		
General obligation bonds	620,000	-	620,000	-	-		
Premiums	22,048	-	22,048	-			
2012A - Certificates of Participation	942,999	-	89,301	853,698	91,928		
2015A - Certificates of Participation	3,095,000		-	3,095,000	485,000		
Discounts	(1,459)	-	(224)	(1,235)	-		
Net OPEB liability **	4,588,469	943,197	-	5,531,666	-		
Compensated absences **	1,019,941	53,057		1,072,998	643,800		
Total governmental activities	13,713,400	996,254	1,366,831	13,342,823	1,790,569		
Business-Type Activities:			H:				
Sewer Fund							
Revenue bonds:							
Series 2000A	775,000	-	375,000	400,000	400,000		
Series 2006B	1,670,000	-	155,000	1,515,000	160,000		
Series 2019A	-	1,520,000	-	1,520,000	-		
Premiums	37,900		4,737	33,163			
	2,482,900	1,520,000	534,737	3,468,163	560,000		
2012A - Certificates of Participation	782,001	-	80,696	701,305	83,073		
2012B - Certificates of Participation	3,055,000	-	180,000	2,875,000	185,000		
Capital lease obligation	228,672	-	74,980	153,692	76,217		
Net OPEB liability	404,649	95,923	-	500,572	-		
Compensated absences	51,754	3,630		55,384	33,200		
Sewer fund total	7,004,976	1,619,553	870,413	7,754,116	937,490		
Environmental Services Fund							
Net OPEB liability	718,953	161,809	-	880,762	-		
Compensated absences	105,170	1,005		106,175	63,700		
Environmental services fund total	824,123	162,814		986,937	63,700		
Total business-type activities	7,829,099	1,782,367	870,413	8,741,053	1,001,190		
Total primary government	\$ 21,542,499	\$ 2,778,621	\$ 2,237,244	\$ 22,083,876	\$ 2,791,759		
** these liabilities are generally liquida	ated by the Genera	I, Airport, Street, Red	creation, and Park Fu	unds			
RMU							
Capital lease obligations	\$ 840,000	\$ -	\$ 150,000	\$ 690,000	\$ 150,000		
Net OPEB liability	488,638	-	-	488,638	-		
Compensated absences	138,518	150,449	101,138	187,829	145,292		
Total component unit	\$ 1,467,156	\$ 150,449	\$ 251,138	\$ 1,366,467	\$ 295,292		



A. Governmental Activities Debt

Capital Lease Obligation

The City has entered into capital lease agreements for the acquisition of land, building improvements and various types of machinery and equipment. Interest on the capital leases ranges from 1.65% to 6.37% with lease terms through August 2030.

The future minimum lease obligation and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of September 31, 2019 were as follows:

For the years	
Ending	
September 30	 Total
2020	\$ 666,408
2021	529,319
2022	393,186
2023	342,754
2024	342,754
2025-2029	937,736
2030	 129,583
Payments	3,341,740
Less imputed interest	(551,044)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 2,790,696

General Obligation Bonds

\$3,445,000 Series 2012 General Obligation Refunding Bonds. Proceeds were used for the purpose of providing funds to refinance the Series 2005 General Obligation Bonds. The General Obligation Bonds matured during the year ended September 30, 2019.

Certificates of Participation

\$2,755,000 Series 2012 Certificates of Participation. Proceeds were used to refinance the 2010 DNR Energy Efficient Project and are split between governmental and business-type activities. Due in annual installments through January 1, 2027 including interest ranges from 2.00% to 3.40%.

\$3,445,000 Series 2015 Certificates of Participation. Proceeds were used to finance the costs of streets, parking lots and local parks improvements. Due in annual installments through February 1, 2025 including interest ranges from 1.50% to 3.0%.

II.A.49.

B. Business-type Activities Debt

Capital Lease Obligation

The City has entered into capital lease agreement to finance the purchase of a 2014 Freightliner Truck with a VactorTrak system. The agreement requires annual lease payment s of \$78,753, which includes interest at 1.65%. The total cost of asset acquired under this capital lease is \$375,157 with accumulated depreciation of \$106,295 as of September 30, 2019. The future minimum lease obligation and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of September 31, 2019 were as follows

For the years Ending September 30		Total
	-	
2020	\$	78,753
2021		78,752
Payments		157,505
Less imputed interest		(3,813)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	153,692

Revenue Bonds - Sewer Fund

In March 2000, the City entered into an agreement with the Missouri Leveraged State Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund Program to sell \$5,000,000 in Wastewater System Revenue Bonds, Series 2000A. The bonds bear interest at 4.6% to 5.75%. The interest paid is offset by an interest subsidy from the State of Missouri's 50% bond reserves, which earn interest at 5.4%. Interest payments are due semi-annually on January 1 and July 1 of each year with annual principal payments due July 1 of each year. The bonds also require an administrative fee payable annually on January 1 of each year at 0.714% of the outstanding principal balance.

In July 2007, the City entered into an agreement with the Missouri Leveraged State Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund Program to sell \$3,005,000 in Sewerage System Revenue Bonds, Series 2006B. The bonds bear interest at 4% to 5%. The interest paid is offset by an interest subsidy from the State of Missouri's 50% bond reserves, which earn interest at 4.125%. Interest payments are due semi-annually on January 1 and July 1 each year with annual principal payments due July 1 of each year. The bonds also require an administrative fee payable annually on January 1 of each year at 0.714% of the outstanding principal balance.

In April 2019, the City issued \$1,520,000, Series 2019A, City of Rolla, Missouri Sewage System Revenue Bonds to fund certain sewer project engineering costs. The bonds bear interest of 2.13%. Interest payments are due semi-annually on January 1 and July 1 each year with the entire principal payment of \$1,520,000 due on July 1, 2021.

The City has pledged future water and sewer customer revenues to repay the Series 2000A, 2006B, and 2019A revenue bonds issued to improve and expand the sewer system. The bonds are payable solely from sewer customers net revenues and are payable through 2027. Net revenues are revenues of the system less expenses of the system excluding depreciation. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$3,069,827. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$651,076 and \$3,666,244, respectively.

II. A.50.

Certificates of Participation

In October 2012, the City issued \$4,080,000 of Series 2012B certificates of participation. The certificates of participation were issued to pay the costs of acquiring, constructing, and equipping improvements to the City's sewer system. The certificates of participation bear interest from 2% to 3.45% and are due on July 1, 2032.

C. Future Debt Service Requirements

					G	overnmen	tal Ac	tivities					
	S	eries 2015 C Partici			Se	Series 2012 Certificates of Participation				Total			
	Principal		al Interest		Р	rincipal	Interest		Principal		Interest		
2020	\$	485,000	\$	70,983	\$	91,923	\$	24,590	\$	576,923	\$	95,573	
2021		495,000		61,544		94,554		22,383		589,554		83,927	
2022		510,000		50,605		97,181		19,925		607,181		70,530	
2023		520,000		38,110		99,807		17,204		619,807		55,314	
2024		535,000		23,990		102,429		14,210		637,429		38,200	
2025-2029		550,000		5,174		367,804		22,410		917,804		27,584	
	\$	3,095,000	\$	250,406	\$	853,698	\$	120,722	\$	3,948,698	\$	371,128	

					Business-ty	ре Ас	tivities				
		eries 2000A System Rev			Series 2006 System Rev		•	Series 2019A Sewerage System Revenue Bonds			
	P	rincipal	Ir	iterest	Principal	lı	nterest		Principal	Interest	
2020	\$	400,000	\$	22,800	\$ 160,000	\$	70,888	\$	-	\$	36,693
2021		-		-	165,000		64,488		1,520,000		32,376
2022		-		-	175,000		56,237		-		-
2023		-		-	185,000		47,487		-		-
2024		-		-	195,000		38,237		-		-
2025-2029		-		-	635,000		56,325		-		-
2030-2032		-		-	 -		- ,_		-		-
Totals	\$	400,000	\$	22,800	\$ 1,515,000	\$	333,662	\$	1,520,000	\$	69,069

	Business-type Activities												
	Series 2012 Certificates of Participation					ries 2012B Partic		Total					
	Pi	rincipal	11	nterest		Principal	- II	nterest		Principal	ı	nterest	
2020	\$	83,073	\$	22,222	\$	185,000	\$	34,500	\$	828,073	\$	187,103	
2021		85,446		20,228		190,000		30,000		1,960,446		147,092	
2022		87,820		18,007		195,000		25,250		457,820		99,494	
2023		90,193		15,478		200,000		20,500		475,193		83,465	
2024		92,568		12,842		205,000		68,827		492,568		119,906	
2025-2029		262,205		20,253		1,130,000		15,750		2,027,205		92,328	
2030-2032		-		-		770,000		-		770,000		-	
	\$	701,305	\$	109,030	\$	2,875,000	\$	194,827	\$	7,011,305	\$	729,388	

D. RMU

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities is as follows:

	Be	ginning of Year	•	ustments/	•	ustments/	End of Year	 ue Within ne Year
Lease payable Compensated absences	\$	840,000 138,518	\$	- 150,449	\$	150,000 101,138	\$ 690,000 187,829	\$ 160,000 145,292
Total	\$	978,518	\$	150,449	\$	251,138	\$ 877,829	\$ 305,292

Leases Payable

RMU entered into a lease purchase agreement during the year ended September 30, 2009, for construction of electric power substation, purchase transmission lines and related equipment. The lease agreement calls for varying monthly principal payments through 2029 with interest at 3.885%. The loan was paid off during the year ended September 30, 2018.

This lease purchase agreement provides for cancellation of the lease if RMU should fail to appropriate funds on the annual renewal dates. However, RMU does not foresee exercising its right to cancel. Therefore, this lease is accounted for as non-cancelable capital lease.

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments are as follows:

For the years ending September 30	Wa	Water Towers			
2020	\$	186,526			
2021		184,292			
2022		186,729			
2023		193,624			
Total minimum lease payments		751,171			
Less: imputed interest	11	61,171			
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	690,000			

E. Payable to Other Government

In conjunction with the bonds dated December 1996 and March 2000, reserve accounts have been established with no-interest loans funded with federal capitalization grants and matching funds from the State of Missouri. When fully funded, these loans (reserve accounts) will be funded in an amount equal to 70% of the outstanding principal amount of such bonds. These reserve accounts are held in trust. As the principal amount of such bonds is repaid, the amounts held in the reserve accounts will be reduced such that the reserve accounts will equal 70% of the remaining principal of such bonds.

II. A.52.

(8) Employees Retirement System

A. Plan Description

The City's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The City participates in the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS). LAGERS is an agent multiple-employer, statewide public employee pension plan established in 1967 and administered in accordance with RSMo. 70.600-70.755. As such, it is LAGERS responsibility to administer the law in accordance with the expressed intent of the General Assembly. The plan is qualified under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) and is tax exempt. The responsibility for the operations and administration of LAGERS is vested in the LAGERS Board of Trustees consisting of seven persons. LAGERS' issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained by accessing the LAGERS website at www.molagers.org.

B. Benefits Provided

LAGERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the state statutes governing LAGERS. All benefits vest after 5 years of credited service. Employees who retire on or after age 60 (55 for police and fire) with 5 or more years of service are entitled to an allowance for life based upon the benefit program information provided below. Employees may retire with an early retirement benefit with a minimum of 5 years of credited service and after attaining age 55 (50 for police and fire) and receive a reduced allowance.

	2019 Valuation
Benefit Multiplier:	1.75% for life, plus 0.25 to age 65
Final Average Salary:	3 Years
Member Contributions:	0%

Benefit terms provide for annual post retirement adjustments to each member's retirement allowance subsequent to the member's retirement date. The annual adjustment is based on the increase in the Consumer Price Index and is limited to 4% per year.

C. Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

The following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

General	Police	Fire	Total
85	14	20	119
42	23	9	74
120	33	36	189
247	70	65	382
	85 42 120	85 14 42 23 120 33	85 14 20 42 23 9 120 33 36

D. Contributions

The City is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by LAGERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance an unfunded accrued liability. Full-time employees of the City do not contribute to the pension plan. Employer contribution rates are 9.7% (General), 8.4% (Police) and 14.8 (Fire) of annual covered payroll.

II. A.53.

E. Net Pension Asset

The City's net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of February 28, 2019.

F. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the February 28, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.25% wage inflation; 2.5% price inflation

Salary Increase 3.25% to 6.55% including wage inflation (General and Police)

3.25% to 7.15% including wage inflation (Fire)

Investment rate of return 7.25%, net of investment expenses

The healthy retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, were the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality tables for males and females. The disabled retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, were the RP-2014 disabled mortality table for males and females. The pre-retirement mortality tables used were the RP-2014 employees' mortality table for males and females.

Both the post-retirement and pre-retirement tables were adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males was then established to be 2017. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables.

The actuarial assumptions used in the February 28, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period March 1, 2010 through February 28, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Alpha	15.00%	3.67%
Equity	35.00%	4.78%
Fixed income	31.00%	1.41%
Real Assets	36.00%	3.29%
Strategic Assets	8.00%	5.25%
Cash	10.00%	0.00%
Leverage	-35.00%	0.51%

G. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability.

II. A. 54.

H. Changes in the Net Pension Asset

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Pens					
	Liability Net Position Liability					
	(a)	(b)		(a) - (b)		
Balances at beginning of year	\$ 39,572,868	\$ 44,527,273	\$	(4,954,405)		
Changes for the year:						
Service Cost	944,358	-		944,358		
Interest	2,851,330	-		2,851,330		
Difference between expected						
and actual experience	780,926	-		780,926		
Change in assumptions	-	-		-		
Contributions - employer	-	839,161		(839, 161)		
Net investment income	-	2,853,750		(2,853,750)		
Benefit payments, including refunds	(1,441,401)	(1,441,401)		-		
Administrative expense	-	(43,234)		43,234		
Other changes (net transfer)	-	(274,855)		274,855		
Net changes	3,135,213	1,933,421		1,201,792		
Balances at end of year	\$ 42,708,081	\$ 46,460,694	\$	(3,752,613)		

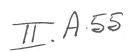
I. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability/ (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the employer's Net Pension Liability/(Asset) would be using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25%) or one percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate.

	4.	N 5	D	urrent Single scount Rate	19/ Increase			
	1'	% Decrease 6.25%	/	Assumption 7.25%	1	% Increase 8.25%		
		0.2070		1.2070		0.2070		
Total pension liability (TPL)	\$	48,968,666	\$	42,708,081	\$	37,575,324		
Plan fiduciary net position		(46,460,694)		(46,460,694)		(46,460,694)		
Net pension liability/(asset)	\$	2,507,972	\$	(3,752,613)	\$	(8,885,370)		

J. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the City recognized LAGERS pension expense of \$1,334,460, \$704,014 (General), \$190,637 (Police) and \$439,809 (Fire). The City reported deferred outflows related to LAGERS pension from the following sources:



	General		Police	Fire		Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Difference in experience	\$ 499,903	\$	84,251	\$ 195,738	\$	779,892
Assumption changes	186,918		44,808	136,852		368,578
Contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date*	128,149		43,439	62,310		233,898
Total	\$ 814,970	\$	172,498	\$ 394,900	\$	1,382,368
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Difference in experience	\$ (334,958)	\$	(76,458)	\$ (89,637)	\$	(501,053)
Difference in projected and actual	, , ,	·	() / / / / /	, , , , , , ,	•	, , , , ,
earnings on plan investments	(687,497)		(191,686)	(189, 352)		(1,068,535)
Total	\$ (1,022,455)	\$	(268, 144)	\$ (278,989)	\$	(1,569,588)

^{*}The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) for the year ending September 30, 2020.

Net amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources, excluding contributions subsequent to the measurement date, related to LAGERS pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending September 30:	General	Police	Fire	Total		
2019	\$ 46,708	\$ (22,874)	\$ 41,424	\$ 65,258		
2020	(348,780)	(108,409)	(69,014)	(526,203)		
2021	(159,518)	(44,921)	(1,543)	(205,982)		
2022	125,956	30,988	70,344	227,288		
2023	-	5,831	4,665	10,496		
Thereafter			7,425	7,425		
Total	\$ (335,634)	\$ (139,385)	\$ 53,301	\$ (421,718)		

K. Payable to the Pension Plan

At September 30, 2019, the City had outstanding contributions to the LAGERS pension plan of \$21,682.

II. A. So

L. Summary of financial reporting of the City's pension plan:

	General		Police		Fire		Total
Governmental activities: Net pension liability/(asset)	\$	(1,597,791)	\$	(1,116,804)	\$	(390,713)	\$ (3,105,308)
Business-type activities: Net pension liability/(asset)		(647,305)		-		-	(647,305)
Total net pension liability/(asset)	\$	(2,245,096)	\$	(1,116,804)	\$	(390,713)	\$ (3,752,613)
Governmental activities: Pension related deferred outflows Pension related deferred inflows	\$	577,511 (850,424)	\$	172,498 (268,444)	\$	394,900 (278,989)	\$ 1,144,909 (1,397,857)
Business-type activities: Pension related deferred outflows Pension related deferred inflows		237,459 (172,031)		- - -		-	237,459 (172,031)
Total	\$	(207,485)	\$	(95,946)	\$	115,911	\$ (187,520)

M. RMU

Plan Description

The RMU's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The RMU participates in the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS). LAGERS is an agent multiple-employer, statewide public employee pension plan established in 1967 and administered in accordance with RSMo. 70.600-70.755. As such, it is LAGERS responsibility to administer the law in accordance with the expressed intent of the General Assembly. The plan is qualified under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) and is tax exempt. The responsibility for the operations and administration of LAGERS is vested in the LAGERS Board of Trustees consisting of seven persons. LAGERS' issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained by accessing the LAGERS website at www.molagers.org.

Benefits Provided

LAGERS provide retirement, death and disability benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the state statutes governing LAGERS. All benefits vest after 5 years of credited service. Employees who retire on or after age 60 (55 for police) with 5 or more years of service are entitled to an allowance for life based upon the benefit program information provided below. Employees may retire with an early retirement benefit with a minimum of 5 years of credited service and after attaining age 55 (50 for police) and receive a reduced allowance.

2019 Valuation
2% for life
3 Years
0%

Benefit terms provide for annual post retirement adjustments to each member's retirement allowance subsequent to the member's retirement date. The annual adjustment is based on the increase in the Consumer Price Index and is limited to 4% per year.

II. A. 57.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

The following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefits	39
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet	
receiving benefits	6
Active employees	56
	101

Contributions

The RMU is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by LAGERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance an unfunded accrued liability. Full-time employees of the employer do not contribute to the pension plan. The RMU contribution rates are 7.5% (General), of annual covered payroll.

Net Pension Liability

RMU's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of February 28, 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the February 28, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.25% wage inflation: 2.5% price inflation

Salary Increase 3.25% to 6.55% and 3.25% to 7.15% including wage inflation

Investment rate of return 7.25%, net of investment expenses

The healthy retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, were the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality tables for males and females. The disabled retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, were the RP-2014 disabled mortality table for males and females. The pre-retirement mortality tables used were the RP-2014 employees' mortality table for males and females.

Both the post-retirement and pre-retirement tables were adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males was then established to be 2017. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables.

The actuarial assumptions used in the February 28, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period March 1, 2010 through February 28, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

II. A.58.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Equity	43.00%	5.16%
Fixed Income	26.00%	2.86%
Real Assets/Real Return	21.00%	3.23%
Strategic Assets	10.00%	5.59%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability/ (Asset)

	Increase (Decrease)				
	Total Pension Plan Fiduciary			let Pension	
	Liability Net Position		(As	set)/Liability	
	(a)	(b)		(a) - (b)	
Balances at beginning of year	\$ 18,684,475	\$ 21,551,788	\$	(2,867,313)	
Changes for the year:					
Service Cost	308,026	-		308,026	
Interest	1,336,991	-		1,336,991	
Difference between expected					
and actual experience	(80,718)	-		(80,718)	
Contributions - employer	-	200,539		(200,539)	
Net investment income	-	1,385,210		(1,385,210)	
Benefit payments, including refunds	(803, 132)	(803,132)		- 2	
Administrative expense	-	(11,953)		11,953	
Other changes (net transfer)	-	105,540		(105,540)	
Net changes	761,167	876,204		(115,037)	
Balances at end of year	\$ 19,445,642	\$ 22,427,992	\$	(2,982,350)	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability/ (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the employer's Net Pension Liability/(Asset) would be using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25%) or one percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate.

II. A.59.

				urrent Single scount Rate		
	1	% Decrease 6.25%	F	Assumption 7.25%	1	% Increase 8.25%
Total Pension Liability (TPL)	\$	22,152,547	\$	19,445,642	\$	17,215,273
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(22,427,992)		(22,427,992)		(22,427,992)
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	(275,445)	\$	(2,982,350)	\$	(5,212,719)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the RMU recognized LAGERS pension expense of \$48,643. The RMU reported deferred outflows related to LAGERS pension from the following sources:

				Net
	 Outflows	Inflows	Outflows	
Assumption changes	\$ 123,062	\$ -	\$	123,062
Difference in experience	-	(322,588)		(322,588)
Excess investment returns	-	(548, 153)		(548, 153)
Contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date*	 48,778			48,778
Total	\$ 171,840	\$ (870,741)	\$	(698,901)

^{*}The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) for the year ending September 30, 2020.

Net amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources, excluding contributions subsequent to the measurement date, related to LAGERS pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending September 30:	Total
2019	\$ (135,121)
2020	(395,665)
2021	(207,780)
2022	2,730
2023	(11,843)
Total	\$ (747,679)

Payable to the Pension Plan

8

At September 30, 2019, the RMU paid all outstanding contributions to the LAGERS pension plan.

II. A.60.

(9) Post Employment Health Benefits

A. Plan Description

The City provides a single employer defined benefit plan that provides healthcare benefits to employees who are eligible to retire once they have attained age 55 plus 5 years of service. This benefit terminates when retiree reaches Medicare eligibility age (65). Employees and spouses must be on the plan at the time of retirement to be eligible to participate in the plan after retirement. Eligible participants receive benefits in the form of an implicit rare subsidy where participants receive health insurance coverage by paying a blended retiree/active rate. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by City Council. Current contribution requirements require participants to pay the full blended premium. The City funds the plan on a pay-as-you-go basis. The plan does not issue separate financial statements. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75 (GASB Statement 75). The OPEB liability is generally liquidated by the General Fund.

B. Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active employees		189
Retirees and surviving spouses		15
Spouses or current retirees	_	4
		208

C. Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2019 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2017, calculated based on the discount rate and actuarily assumption below, and was projected forward to September 30, 2019.

D. Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Salary increase 3% including inflation

Discount rate 2.66% Inflation 2.30%

Healthcare cost trend rates 6.0% for 2017, gradually dereasing to anultimate rate

of 4.0% for 2083 and later years

The discount rate was based on the 20-year bond GO index. The rate for the prior year was 4.18%.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Mortality for Employees and Healthy Annuitants, with generational projected per Scale MP-2016.

The Plan has not had a formal actuarial experience study performed.

II. A.61.

E. Change in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB		
		Liability	
Balances, beginning of year	\$	5,712,072	
Changes for the year:			
Service cost		279,749	
Interest		245,891	
Changes in benefit terms		-	
Changes in assumptions and other inputs		896,106	
Employer contributions		(220,818)	
Net changes		1,200,928	
Balances, end of year	\$	6,913,000	

F. Sensitivity of the total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the OPEB Liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 2.66%, as well as what the City's OPEB Liability would be using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.66%) or one percentage point higher (3.66%) than the current rate.

	19	1% Decrease 1.66%		Discount Rate 2.66%		1% Increase 3.66%	
Total OPEB liability	\$	7,583,920	\$	6,913,000	\$	6,305,436	

G. Sensitivity of the total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the OPEB Liability of the City, calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rates of well as what the City's OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using the trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate.

	19	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
Total OPEB liability	\$	5,993,428	\$	6,913,000	\$	8,023,676	

H. OPEB Expense and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$591,973. The City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred		Deferred
	Outflows of		- 1	nflows of
	Resources		R	esources
Changes in assumptions	\$	797,849		(227, 301)
Total	\$	797,849	\$	(227,301)

II. A.62.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending September 30:	Total
2020	\$ 66,333
2021	66,333
2022	66,333
2023	66,333
2024	66,333
Thereafter	 238,883
Total	\$ 570,548

I. Financial Statement Reporting of the City's OPEB

The following table summarizes the City's OPEB reporting:

	Total OPEB Liability		Deferred Outflows of Resources		ı	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Governmental activities: Business-type activities:	\$	(5,531,666) (1,381,334)	\$	626,622 171,227	\$	(183,161) (44,140)	
Total	_\$_	(6,913,000)	\$	797,849	\$	(227,301)	

K. RMU

Plan Description

RMU's OPEB plan (the Plan) provides OPEB for qualifying full-time employees of RMU. The Plan is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by RMU. The Plan, as established by RMU resolution, assigned the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to RMU. No assets are accumulated in a trust for the Plan. The Plan does not issue a stand-alone report.

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides healthcare benefits to qualifying employees hired prior to December 1, 2008 who have attained 20 years of service and are eligible to receive retirement benefits. Employees are eligible to retire once they have attained age 55 plus 5 years of service. This benefit terminates when retiree reaches Medicare eligibility age (65). RMU pays the monthly group health insurance premium for the retiree electing this benefit and the retiree must reimburse RMU for the full premium to retain coverage.

II. A.63.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At September 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active employees	34
Retirees	3
Spouses of retirees	
	37

Total OPEB Liability

RMU's total OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2019 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2018.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the September 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Salary increase	3.0% including inflation
Discount rate	4.185%

Medical cost trend rate of 6.8% for 2018, gradually decreasing to Healthcare cost trend rates an ultimate rate of 4.0% for 2090 and beyond

The discount rate was based on the 20-year bond GO index at the end of the fiscal year. The rate for the prior fiscal year was 4.18%.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females, as appropriate, with generational projection based on Scale MP-2017.

The Plan has not had a formal actuarial experience study performed.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Sep	tember 30, 2019
Balances at beginning of year	\$	427,969
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		8,721
Interest		17,742
Change in benefit terms		-
Changes in assumptions and other inputs		58,952
Benefit payments, net of contributions		(24,746)
Net changes		60,669
Balances at end of year	\$	488,638

II. A.64.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of RMU, calculated using the discount rate of 2.66%, as well as what RMU's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (1.66%) or 1% point higher (3.66%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease 1.66% bility \$ 531,483		Dis	count Rate 2.66%	1% Increase 3.66%	
Total OPEB liability			.\$	488,638	\$	449,000

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of RMU, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rates of 5.6% decreasing to 4%, as well as what RMU's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% point lower (4.6% decreasing to 3%) or 1% point higher (6.6% decreasing to 5%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	 1% Decrease 4.60%		Discount Rate 5.60%		1% Increase 6.60%	
Total OPEB liability	\$ 434,841	\$	488,638	\$	551,179	

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2019, RMU recognized negative OPEB expense of \$31,461. Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB are from the following sources:

	c	Outflows	li	nflows	0	Net utflows
Changes in assumptions	\$	51,296	\$	(15,148)	\$	36,148

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending September 30:	Total
2020	\$ 4,998
2021	4,998
2022	4,998
2023	4,998
2024	4,998
Thereafter	 11,158
Total	\$ 36,148

II. A.65.

(10) Commitments and Contingencies

A. Risk Management

City

The City was a member of the Missouri Intergovernmental Risk Management Association (MIRMA), a statewide governmental self-insurance pool which provides property, liability, and workers' compensation coverages to its participating members in a single comprehensive multiline package. The various lines of coverage are not available individually and the membership is limited to municipalities and municipally owned utilities. The City's policy covered all real and personal property owned by the City except sewer lines. The policy expired June 30, 2019. Effective July 1, 2019 has purchased commercial insurance policies for property, liability and workers' compensation.

MIRMA is funded by annual member assessments calculated at a rate per \$100 of annual payroll which applies to all lines of coverage on a composite basis. These funds are used to pay losses within specific risk retention limits shared equally by all members; purchase excess insurance which provides a transfer of catastrophic risk to private insurance carriers; purchase services such as claims administration, loss prevention, and data processing; and pay administrative expenses. Should actual insurance losses exceed MIRMA's estimates, the City could be required to contribute additional funds. Management believes the risk of additional loss is minimal and any additional contributions that may be required would not materially impact the overall operations of the City. The City paid an assessment totaling \$744,202 for MIRMA's fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Settled claims resulting in these risks have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three years.

In 1983, the City established a medical self-insurance plan for City employees and their covered dependents to minimize the total cost of medical health insurance to the City. This program is for the benefit of all City employees covered under the City of Rolla's Employee Medical Plan. Medical claims exceeding an individual participant limit of \$75,000 are covered through a private insurance carrier up to \$1,000,000 annually.

The activities of the health care plan are accounted for in the Self-Insurance Health Fund, an Internal Service Fund. At September 30, 2019, the estimated obligation of health claims based on claims filed prior to, but not yet paid, as of yearend, claims incurred during the year but filed subsequent to yearend, and an additional amount for incurred but not reported claims based on prior experience was \$239,228. Changes in estimated benefit obligation during the past two years are as follows:

	Be	ginning of	Claims	Payments/					
		Year	 Incurred		Adjustments		End of Year		
2018	\$	166,432	\$ 2,744,767	\$	2,772,554	\$	138,645		
2019		138,645	3,936,297		3,835,714		239,228		

RMU

RMU is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft to, damage to, and destruction of assets' errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. RMU has transferred its risk by obtaining coverage from Missouri Intergovernmental Risk Management Association. In addition, it has effectively managed risk through various employee education and prevention programs. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year.

RMU retains the risk of loss for medial and prescription claims. RMU has purchased a specific excess insurance policy that covers medial and prescription claims up to an individual claim limit to \$30,000 with an aggregate maximum of \$1,000,000. The claims are administered by a third-party administrator. RMU has recorded an estimated liability for claims payable as of September 30, 2019 and 2018.

II. A.66.

	Beginning of Claims Year Incurred			ayments/ justments	End of Year		
2018	\$	25,020	\$	456,040	\$ 454,817	\$	26,243
2019		26,243		398,318	400,758		23,803

B. Federal and State Grants

The City has received financial assistance from various federal, state, and local agencies in the form of grants and entitlements. These programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authority. Management does not believe that liabilities for reimbursements, if any, will have a materially adverse effect upon the financial condition of the City.

C. Litigation

The City is involved in legal proceedings arising from the ordinary course of City activities. While these proceedings may have future financial effect, management believes that their ultimate outcome will not be material to the basic financial statements.

RMU is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft to, damage to, and destruction of assets' errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. RMU has transferred its risk by obtaining coverage from Missouri Intergovernmental Risk Management Association. In addition, it has effectively managed risk through various employee education and prevention programs. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year.

D. Commitments

Primary Government

At September 30, 2019, the City was committed to the following:

Landfill Closing Obligation

In January 1995, the City, along with the five other Landfill Board members, entered into a "Contract of Obligation" with the Missouri Department of Natural Resources (DNR) to satisfy the financial assurance requirement for landfill operations. The Landfill Board members are obligated to close the landfill in a manner that meets DNR's standards and to properly maintain the closed landfill for 20 years thereafter. If the closure and post-closure is not done properly, the "Contract of Obligation" authorized DNR to collect \$128,295 from any funds due the members from the Missouri Department of Revenue and the State Treasurer to compensate the State for corrective procedures.

RMU

Pooled Energy

The City of Rolla (the City) is a member of the Missouri Joint Municipal Electric Utility Commission (MJMEUC). RMU represents the City with respect to MJMEUC matters. MJMEUC manages a power pool known as Missouri Public Energy Pool #1 (MoPEP). The City is a member of MoPEP. All MoPEP members (including the City) have an agreement (the MoPEP Agreement) with MJMEUC for the purchase of electric capacity and energy from MJMEUC. The MoPEP Agreement requires MJMEUC to supply the full energy requirement of the City and includes a procedure for the City to dedicate its capacity to MoPEP.

II.A.67.

MoPEP operations are governed by a committee (Pool Committee) consisting of one representative from each MoPEP member and is currently comprised of 35 members. The Pool Committee is charged with setting rates for all services provided by MJMEUC to MoPEP members. These rates include recovery of all of MJMEUC's costs (the Direct Costs) incurred in connection with acquiring, providing, arranging or financing the provision of full requirements service to MoPEP members. Such rates are based upon an annual budget and include, but are not limited to, all payments MJMEUC is required to make, or reserves or coverage MJMEUC is required to maintain, pursuant to any bond indenture, financing lease or loan agreement of other financial contract in order to procure, deliver or finance resources intended to provide full requirements service, without regard to whether any particular resource is available to or used by any particular MoPEP member. Direct Costs also include amounts required to fund MoPEP capital and/or operating reserves as may be established from time to time by the Pool Committee.

The rates are established to charge each MoPEP member (including the City) its proportionate share of all costs associated with MJMEUC's performance under the MoPEP Agreement. Charges based on such rates are assessed and billed monthly. Rates are required to be established at least annually and adjusted to recognize variances between budgeted and actual costs at least every six months.

To meet the power and energy requirements of the City and the other MoPEP members, MJMEUC presently obtains power and energy from the following sources: 1) power purchased under long-term firm energy contracts, unit-contingent energy contracts and interruptible contracts; 2) MJMEUC owned generation; 3) member capacity; and 4) spot market purchases. The City purchases its full energy requirements from MJMEUC pursuant to the MoPEP Agreement but does not have any ownership interest in MJMEUC's resources.

(11) Related Party Transactions

RMU provides water and electric services to the City of Rolla. It also provides billing and collection services to the City for PILOT, sewer and sanitation services. The City of Rolla paid RMU \$676,412 for water and electric services for the year ended September 30, 2019. The City of Rolla paid RMU a total of \$184,490 for billing services for the year ended September 30, 2019. The City of Rolla contributed \$66,654 for the year ended September 30, 2019 for capital expenses.

(12) Incentives

RMU entered into an incentive agreement with Hartmann US Inc. RMU will provide Utility Cost Assistance discounts to the Company based on utility rates in effect at the given time. Electric energy and water consumption and wastewater utility charges will be discounted during the first 5 years of the facility's operation. Year one for the discounts began as of the first day of the month in which the Company began operating the facility. For the year ended September 30, 2019 RMU discounts were \$88,541.

(13) Tax Increment Financing

A. 1-44/US 63 Redevelopment Project Area 1

On November 1, 2010, the City entered into a redevelopment agreement for the redevelopment of the I-44/US 63 Redevelopment Project Area 1 (RPA1) to reimburse Kohl's Department Stores, Inc. (the Developer) for the Verified Reimbursable Redevelopment Project Costs through Reimbursement Payments made from the Special Allocation Fund for a period not to exceed 23 years. Under terms of the agreement, the aggregate amount of Reimbursement Payments paid during the terms of the agreement, to the extent that taxes are collected within this District, shall not exceed the sum of \$3,168,488 plus interest costs. Total payments from all sources of \$140,829 were applied to interest for the year ended September 30, 2019.

The City shall not be obligated for any amounts that exceed the balance in the Special Allocation Fund, which includes a TIF-EATS and a TIF-PILOTS account.

II.A.68.

B. Westside Marketplace Tax Increment Financing Redevelopment Plan

The Phelps County Commission (the County) created the Tax Increment Financing Commission of Phelps County, Missouri (the "TIF Commission") and empowered the TIF Commission to exercise those powers and fulfill such duties as are required or authorized for the TIF Commission under Sections 99.800 to 99.865 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri, as amended (the "TIF Act").

The County has approved the Westside Marketplace Tax Increment Financing Redevelopment Plan (the "Redevelopment Plan"), which divides the Redevelopment Area into three redevelopment project areas ("RPA 1," "RPA 2" and "RPA 3") and describes a redevelopment project for RPA 1 generally consisting of the development of approximately 330,000 square feet of retail buildings and associated site work and public infrastructure and designated RPA 1 as a "redevelopment area" pursuant to the TIF Act, approve the Redevelopment Project and adopt tax increment financing within RPA I.

The Industrial Development Authority of the City of Rolla, Missouri (the Authority) issued its \$20,675,000, Series 2017A, Tax Increment and Special District Revenues Bonds (Westside Marketplace Redevelopment Project – RPA 1) bonds. The net proceeds of which were used to fund the Redevelopment Project. The bonds bear interest from 4.25% to 5.375% and are scheduled to mature on May 1, 2044. The bonds are subject to redemption provisions prior to maturity as provided for in the Official Statement.

The bonds are special limited obligations of the Authority, payable solely from bond proceeds and pledged revenues. The City, Authority, County, and Move Rolla Transportation District (the District) have entered into a Financing Agreement (the Agreement) pursuant to which the City, County, and District have agreed to transfer certain revenues to the bond trustee. The City's obligation to transfer certain revenues terminates on August 29, 2039 whether or not the principal amount or interest on the bonds has been paid in full.

Under the Agreement, the City has agreed to redirect 50% of certain City sales taxes as economic activity taxes (EATS) generated in RPA 1. In addition, the City will also redirect certain additional City revenues in the amount equal to 50% of the sales tax revenues resulting from taxable sales in RPA I related to the City's 0.5% capital improvements sales tax and 0.5% transportation sales tax after the captured of TIF revenues. (i.e., TIF will capture 50% of such sales tax revenues and the additional City revenues will be an amount equal to 50% of remaining revenues after the TIF capture). Total sales taxes redirected totaled \$676,716 for the year ended September 30, 2019.

(14) Asset Purchase Agreement

On August 17, 2018 RMU entered into an Asset Purchase Agreement with Ameren Transmission Company of Illinois to sell two (2) 138kV line segments totaling 7.58 miles, optical ground wire (OPGW), and other structures, equipment and assets associated with the above described 138kV lines and OPGW. The sale price for the assets will be \$14,250,000. RMU has received initial non-refundable deposits totaling \$250,000. The remaining balance of the Sale Price, (\$14,000,000) will be paid at the closing of the sale, which is currently estimated to be December 2020, subject to change.

II. A.69.

(15) Adjustment to Prior Period Financial Statements

For the year ended September 30, 2018, management determined that adjustments were necessary to properly report construction in progress and sewer collection system capital assets. Accordingly, an adjustment was made to the opening net position of the Sewer Fund and Business-type activities.

	8	Sewer Fund	Activities		
Net Position, beginning of year, as previously reported	\$	18,722,563	\$	23,660,059	
Changes in capital assets, net of depreciation expense		(141,397)		(141,397)	
Net Position, beginning of year, as restated	\$	18,581,166	\$	23,518,662	

(16) Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through March 31, 2020, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the COVID-19 virous outbreak a pandemic. The ultimate effect on the City's financial statements cannot be estimated at this time.

II. A.70.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

General Fund Year Ended September 30, 2019

		2019		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final		Positive
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
Property	\$ 1,128,000	\$ 1,128,000	\$ 981,762	\$ (146,238)
Sales	4,434,000	4,434,000	4,372,782	(61,218)
Franchise	550,000	550,000	551,845	1,845
PILOT	1,545,000	1,545,000	1,535,660	(9,340)
Lodging	379,000	379,000	357,642	(21,358)
Cigarette	92,000	92,000	98,307	6,307
Total taxes	8,128,000	8,128,000	7,897,998	(230,002)
Licenses, permits and fees:				
Occupational licenses	53,000	53,000	47,109	(5,891)
Building permits	115,000	115,000	93,719	(21,281)
Other	54,700	54,700	62,459	7,759
Total licenses, permits and fees	222,700	222,700	203,287	(19,413)
Intergovernmental:				
Motor vehicle	181,500	181,500	176,685	(4,815)
Landfill	6,500	6,500	6,074	(426)
RREC	127,500	127,500	124,647	(2,853)
PCESB	1,201,071	1,201,071	1,042,632	(158,439)
Library	252,535	252,535	243,197	(9,338)
Grants	34,000	34,000	82,420	48,420
Other	234,300	709,300	722,682	13,382
Total intergovernmental	2,037,406	2,512,406	2,398,337	(114,069)
Charges for services	55,437	55,437	55,327	(110)
Fines and forfeitures:				
City court fines	175,000	175,000	211,010	36,010
Police training fees	4,400	4,400	4,857	457
Total fines and forfeitures	179,400	179,400	215,867	36,467
Investment income	14,500	14,500	34,278	19,778
Miscellaneous:				
Lease and rent income	8,000	8,000	7,930	(70)
Animal shelter	50,000	50,000	65,834	15,834
Other	31,300	31,300	85,121	53,821
Total miscellaneous	89,300	89,300	158,885	69,585
Total Revenues	10,726,743	11,201,743	10,963,979	(237,764)

Schedule 1

CITY OF ROLLA, MISSOURI Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund

Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Original	2019 Final		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Expenditures:	Budget	Buuget	Actual	(Negative)
Current:				
Administrative	648,556	648,556	638,917	9,639
Administrator	320,075	320,075	327,616	(7,541)
Finance	596,200	596,200	611,318	(15,118)
Legal services	68,500	68,500	72,829	(4,329)
City court	89,265	89,265	87,427	1,838
911 telecommunications	1,191,071	1,191,071	1,070,600	120,471
Animal shelter	139,890	139,890	139,523	367
Police	3,657,580	3,657,580	3,715,698	(58,118)
Fire	3,006,050	3,006,050	3,572,604	(566,554)
Building maintenance	82,808	82,808	93,400	(10,592)
Engineering	819,720	819,720	827,965	(8,245)
Community development	426,500	426,500	421,984	4,516
Library	247,535	247,535	240,606	6,929
Economic development	232,825	232,825	237,403	(4,578)
Total Expenditures	11,526,575	11,526,575	12,057,890	(531,315)
Excess of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	(799,832)	(324,832)	(1,093,911)	(769,079)
((1)	(1.00)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	1,162,850	1,162,850	1,162,850	-
Transfers out	(220,000)	(220,000)	(220,000)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	942,850	942,850	942,850	-
Change in fund balance	\$ 143,018	\$ 618,018	(151,061)	\$ (769,079)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year			3,634,393	
Fund Balances, End of Year		3	\$ 3,483,332	

II.A.72.

Street Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended September 30, 2019

	2019 Original Final Budget Budget					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:									
Taxes	\$ 4	,424,000	\$	4,424,000	\$	4,318,264	\$	(105,736)	
Intergovernmental		788,000		1,818,000		1,917,739		99,739	
Charges for services		144,000		144,000		247,469		103,469	
Investment income		9,000		9,000		15,683		6,683	
Miscellaneous		36,000		36,000		9,686		(26,314)	
Total Revenues	5	,401,000		6,431,000		6,508,841		77,841	
Expenditures:									
Street	4	,818,425		6,268,425		6,177,199		91,226	
Total Expenditures	4	,818,425		6,268,425		6,177,199		91,226	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		582,575		162,575		331,642		169,067	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers out		(475,125)		(475,125)		(475,125)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(475,125)		(475,125)		(475,125)		-	
Change in fund balance	\$	107,450	\$	(312,550)		(143,483)	\$	169,067	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year						2,135,495			
Fund Balance, End of Year					\$	1,992,012			

II. A.73.

Recreation Center Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Original Budget	2019 Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 474	\$ 474
Charges for services	1,173,450	1,218,450	1,033,181	(185,269)
Investment income	25,000	25,000	24,369	(631)
Miscellaneous	13,700	13,700	20,788	7,088
Total Revenues	1,212,150	1,257,150	1,078,812	(178,338)
Expenditures:	420.550	470.550	452 227	48 222
Administration	439,550	470,550	452,227	18,323
Maintenance	279,730	308,730	320,129	(11,399)
Guest services	140,345	160,345	112,246	48,099
Recreation	127,295	138,545	167,185	(28,640)
Aquatic	255,260	255,260	253,065	2,195
Fitness	310,510	322,210	270,539	51,671
Total Expenditures	1,552,690	1,655,640	1,575,391	80,249
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	(340,540)	(398,490)	(496,579)	(98,089)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers out	(72,125)	(72,125)	(72,125)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(72,125)	(72,125)	(72,125)	
Change in fund balance	\$ (412,665)	\$ (470,615)	(568,704)	\$ (98,089)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			2,096,618	
Fund Balance, End of Year			\$ 1,527,914	

Parks Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended September 30, 2019

Variance with 2019 Final Budget Final Positive Original **Budget Budget** Actual (Negative) Revenues: 1,362,400 1,362,400 1,374,132 11,732 **Taxes** Charges for services 229,500 240,250 206,704 (33,546)Investment income 3,000 3,000 3,423 423 Miscellaneous 8,500 22,750 20,659 (2,091)**Total Revenues** 1,603,400 1,628,400 1,604,918 (23,482)Expenditures: Administration 173,060 173,060 164,031 9,029 Maintenance 53,675 53,675 40,959 12,716 Parks department 865,850 75,522 1,005,350 929,828 SplashZone 195,300 217,800 172,837 44,963 Outdoor recreation 194,620 194,620 173,162 21,458 **Total Expenditures** 1,482,505 1,644,505 1,480,817 163,688 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures 140,206 120,895 (16, 105)124,101 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out (72,100)(72,100)(72,100)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (72,100)(72,100)(72,100)Change in fund balance \$ 48,795 \$ (88,205) 52,001 140,206 Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 258,934 Fund Balance, End of Year \$ 310,935

II.A.75.

Schedule 5

CITY OF ROLLA, MISSOURI

Airport Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended September 30, 2019

				2019			Variance with Final Budget		
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Positive (Negative)		
	-	-uugut	×			,		1094	
Revenues:									
Intergovernmental	\$	405,000	\$	405,000	\$	222,116	\$	(182,884)	
Charges for services		457,120		457,120		381,401		(75,719)	
Investment income		90		90		573		483	
Miscellaneous		500		500		10,709		10,209	
Total Revenues		862,710		862,710		614,799		(247,911)	
Expenditures:									
Airport	.0	1,071,785		1,071,785		762,427		309,358	
Total Expenditures		1,071,785		1,071,785		762,427		309,358	
Fundament Develope Over Fundament		(200.075)		(200.075)		(4.47.629)		61 447	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		(209,075)		(209,075)		(147,628)		61,447	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers in		220,000		220,000		220,000			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		220,000		220,000		220,000		-	
Change in fund balance	\$	10,925	\$	10,925		72,372	\$	61,447	
Fund Balance (deficit), Beginning of Year						(153,514)			
Fund Balance (deficit), End of Year					\$	(81,142)			

II. A. 76.

Schedule 6

CITY OF ROLLA, MISSOURI

Cemetery Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Original			2019 Final	12		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Budget Budget			Actual	(Negative)				
Revenues:									
Charges for services	\$	9,000	\$	9,000	\$	10,260	\$	1,260	
Investment income		3,000		3,000		3,312		312	
Total Revenues		12,000		12,000	-	13,572		1,572	
Expenditures:									
Cemetery		15,000		15,000		-		15,000	
Total Expenditures		15,000		15,000				15,000	
Change in fund balance	\$	(3,000)	\$	(3,000)		13,572	\$	16,572	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year						350,050			
Fund Balance, End of Year					\$	363,622			

CITY OF ROLLA, MISSOURI Park Land Reserve Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Or	2 F	-		Fina	ance with al Budget ositive		
	Budget		Bu	Budget		Actual		egative)
Revenues:								
Investment income	\$	-	\$	-	\$	730	\$	730
Miscellaneous		-				27,000		27,000
Total Revenues		-				27,730		27,730
Expenditures: Capital outlay								<u> </u>
Total Expenditures		-				-		-
Change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	_		27,730	\$	27,730
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year						94,586		
Fund Balance, End of Year					\$	122,316		

II. A.78.

City of Rolla, Missouri Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Assets) and Related Ratios For the Years Ended September 30

	2019		2018	2017	2016		2015
Total Pension Liability							
Service costs	\$ 944	358 \$	907,522	\$ 863,543	\$	840,889	\$ 846,914
Interest on total pension liability	2,851	330	2,723,032	2,556,735		2,373,659	2,269,899
Difference between expected and							
actual experience of the total pension liability	780	926	(434,025)	276,100		(563,660)	(460,292)
Changes of assumptions		-	_	-		1,209,382	-
Benefit payments and refunds	(1,441	401)	(1,448,450)	(1,400,838)		(1,293,477)	(1,153,761)
Net change in total pension liability	3,135		1,748,079	2,295,540		2,566,793	1,502,760
Total pension liability - beginning of year	39,572	868	37,824,789	35,529,249		32,962,456	31,459,696
Total pension liability - end of year (a)	\$ 42,708			\$ 37,824,789	\$	35,529,249	\$ 32,962,456
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	*						
Contributions - employer	\$ 839	161 \$	740,646	\$ 778,575	\$	852,947	\$ 964,218
Net investment income	2,853	750	4,937,269	4,377,781		(96,081)	731,693
Benefit payments and refunds	(1,441	401)	(1,448,450)	(1,400,838)		(1,293,477)	(1,153,761)
Administrative expenses	(43	234)	(29,709)	(27,392)		(27,173)	(28,893)
Other (net transfer)	(274	855)	(357,862)	(117,506)		96,067	380,572
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	1,933	3,421	3,841,894	3,610,620		(467,717)	893,829
Plan fiduciary net positon - beginning of year	44,527	273	40,685,379	37,074,759		37,542,476	36,648,647
Plan fiduciary net positon - end of year (b)	\$ 46,460	,694 \$	44,527,273	\$ 40,685,379	\$	37,074,759	\$ 37,542,476
Net pension liability/(asset) (a) - (b)	\$ (3,752	613) \$	(4,954,405)	\$ (2,860,590)	\$	(1,545,510)	 (4,580,020)
Plan net position as a percentage of the							
total pension liability	108	79%	112.52%	107.56%		104.35%	138.35%
Covered payroll	8,442	672	7,583,481	7,600,104		7,072,467	7,079,117
Net pension liability/(asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	-44	45%	-65.33%	-37.64%		-21.85%	-64.70%

GASB 68 requires presentation of ten years. As of September 30, 2019, only five years of information is available.

II. A.79.

Schedule 9

City of Rolla, Missouri Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer Contributions For the Years Ended September 30

LAGERS (General, Police and Fire)

	Actuarially	_ :			Contribution
Fiscal	Determined	Contribution in	Contribution	Covered	as
Year	Contribution	Relation	Deficiency	Payroll	Percentage
2010	\$ 828,508	\$ 828,508	\$ -	\$ 7,297,628	11.35%
2011	1,147,988	937,288	210,700	7,569,220	12.38%
2012	1,089,976	970,870	119,106	7,304,173	13.29%
2013	1,061,934	1,011,713	50,221	7,214,862	14.02%
2014	1,024,360	999,354	25,006	7,199,254	13.88%
2015	949,662	949,662	-	7,087,603	13.40%
2016	863,721	863,721	-	7,554,556	11.43%
2017	753,594	753,594	-	7,624,380	9.88%
2018	746,939	746,939		7,843,644	9.52%
2019	881,433	870,485	10,948	8,388,975	10.38%

City of Rolla, Missouri Required Supplementary Information Notes to Schedule of Contributions Year Ended September 30, 2019

Lagers

Valuation Date

February 28, 2019

Notes:

The roll-forward of total pension liability from February 28, 2019 to June 30, 2019 reflects expected service cost and interest reduced by actual benefit

payments.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions rates:

Actuarial cost method

Entry Age Normal and Modified Terminal Funding

Amortization method

A level percentage of payroll amortization method is used to amortize the UAAL over a closer period of years. If the UAAL (excluding the UAAL associated with benefit changes) is negative, then this amount is amortized over the greater of (i) the remaining initial amortization period or (ii) 15 years.

Remaining amortization period

Multiple bases from 15 to 20 years

Asset valuation method

5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Inflation assumption

3.25% wage inflation; 2.5% price inflation

Salary increases

3.25% to 6.55% including wage inflation (General and Police)

3.25% to 7.15% including wage inflation (Fire)

Investment rate of return

7.25%, net of investment and administrative expenses

Retirement age

Experienced-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition

Mortality

The healthy retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, were the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females. The disabled retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, were the RP-2014 disabled mortality table for males and females. The pre-retirement mortality tables used were the RP-2014 employees mortality table for males and

females.

Both the post-retirement and pre-retirement tables were adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males was then established to be 2017. Mortality rates for a particular

calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables

Other information

None

II. A.81.

City of Rolla, Missouri Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios*

		2019	2018			
Total OPEB Liability						
Service costs	\$	279,749	\$	301,686		
Interest on total OPEB liability		245,891		214,085		
Changes of assumptions		896,106		(291,149)		
Benefit payments and refunds		(220,818)		(183,029)		
Net change in total pension liability		1,200,928		41,593		
Total OPEB liability - beginning of year		5,712,072		5,670,479		
Total OPEB liability - end of year	\$	6,913,000	\$	5,712,072		
	7	10.115.000		0.450.000		
Covered employee payroll**	\$	10,115,000	\$	9,150,000		
OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		68.34%		62.43%		

^{*} GASB 75 requires presentation of ten years. As of September 30, 2019, only two year was available.

Notes to Schedule:

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75

II. A.82.

^{**} Covered payroll is measured as of the measurement date ending September 30 of the current year.

Rolla Municipal Utilities Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios For the Years Ended September 30

	Lagers							
		2019		2018		2017	2016	2015
Total Pension Liability							Y.	
Service costs	\$	308,026	\$	297,977	\$	282,768	\$ 279,195	\$ 277,593
Interest on total pension liability		1,336,991		1,287,095		1,239,270	1,186,863	1,147,696
Difference between expected and								
actual experience of the total pension liability		(80,718)		(133,869)		(93,049)	(432,027)	(118,542)
Changes of assumptions		-		-		-	449,770	-
Benefit payments and refunds		(803,132)		(733,934)		(818,192)	(709,110)	(823,502)
Net change in total pension liability		761,167		717,269		610,797	774,691	483,245
Total pension liability - beginning of year		18,684,475		17,967,206		17,356,409	16,581,718	16,098,473
Total pension liability - end of year (a)	\$	19,445,642	\$	18,684,475	\$	17,967,206	\$ 17,356,409	\$ 16,581,718
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Contributions - employer	\$	200,539	\$	222,677	\$	376,115	\$ 747,730	\$ 775,627
Net investment income		1,385,210		2,374,937		2,198,821	(19,957)	361,988
Benefit payments and refunds		(803,132)		(733,934)		(818,192)	(709,110)	(823,502)
Administrative expenses		(11,953)		(8,024)		(7,838)	(7,570)	(8,575)
Other (net transfer)		105,540		(51,027)		28,333	 (332,935)	(362,570)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		876,204		1,804,629		1,777,239	(321,842)	(57,032)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning of year		21,551,788		19,747,159		17,969,920	18,291,762	 18,348,794
Plan fiduciary net position - end of year (b)	\$	22,427,992	\$	21,551,788	\$	19,747,159	\$ 17,969,920	\$ 18,291,762
Net pension liability/(asset) (a) - (b)	\$	(2,982,350)	\$	(2,867,313)	\$	(1,779,953)	\$ (613,511)	\$ (1,710,044)
Plan net position as a percentage of the								
total pension liability		115.34%		115.35%		109.91%	103.53%	110.31%
Covered payroll		2,672,909		2,592,834		2,547,770	2,355,439	2,326,138
Net pension liability/(asset) as a								
percentage of covered payroll		-111.58%		-110.59%		-69.86%	-26.05%	-73.51%

GASB 68 requires presentation of ten years. As of September 30, 2019, only five years of information is available.

II.A.83.

Rolla Municipal Utilities Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer Contributions For the Years Ended September 30

Fiscal Year	Actuarially Determined Contribution		Determined			Contribution in Contribution Relation Deficiency			Covered Payroll	Contribution as Percentage	
2010	\$	261,922	\$	261,922	\$	-	\$ 2,164,643	12.10%			
2011		446,909		303,342		143,567	2,315,590	13.10%			
2012		512,861		339,500		173,361	2,407,799	14.10%			
2013		448,912		354,899		94,013	2,350,327	15.10%			
2014		407,774		379,490		28,284	2,357,078	16.10%			
2015		372,878		372,878		-	2,390,242	15.60%			
2016		294,725		294,725		-	2,415,780	12.20%			
2017		265,919		265,919		-	2,556,915	10.40%			
2018		208,711		208,711		-	2,576,683	8.10%			
2019		198,540		198,540		-	2,647,193	7.50%			

Valuation Date

February 28, 2019

Notes:

The roll-forward of total pension liability from February 28, 2019 to June 30, 2019 reflects expected service cost and interest reduced by actual benefit payments and administrative

expenses.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions rates:

Actuarial cost method

Entry Age Normal and Modified Terminal Funding

Amortization method

A level percentage of payroll amortization method is used to amortize the UAAL over a closed period of years. If the UAAL (excluding the UAAL associated with benefit changes) is negative, then this amount is amortized over the greater of (i) the remaining initial amortization period or (ii)

15 years.

Remaining amortization period

Multiple bases from 11 to 17 years

Asset valuation method

5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Inflation assumption

3.25% wage inflation; 2.5% price inflation

Salary increases

3.25% to 6.55% including wage inflation 3.25% to 7.15% including wage inflation

Investment rate of return

7.25%, net of investment and administrative expenses

Retirement age

Experienced-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition

Mortality

The healthy retiree mortality tables, for post retirement mortality, were the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females. The disabled retiree mortality tables, for postretirement mortality, were the RP-2014 disabled mortality table for male and females. The preretirement mortality tables used were the RP-2014 employees mortality table for male and females.

Both the post-retirement and pre-retirement tables were adjusted for mortality improvement back to the observation period based year of 2006. The base year for males was then established to be 2017. Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2015

mortality improvement scale to the above described tables.

Other information:

None

II. A.84.

Rolla Municipal Utilities Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios*

	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability	 	
Service costs	\$ 8,721	\$ 9,218
Interest on total OPEB liability	17,742	16,109
Changes in assumptions	58,952	(20,464)
Employer contributions	(24,746)	(20,240)
Net change in total pension liability	60,669	 (15,377)
Total OPEB liability - beginning of year	427,969	443,346
Total OPEB liability - end of year	\$ 488,638	\$ 427,969
Covered employee payroli**	\$ 2,742,351	\$ 2,654,896
payroll	17.82%	16.12%

^{*} GASB 75 requires presentation of ten years. As of September 30, 2019, only two years was available.

Notes to Schedule:

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75

^{**} Covered employee payroll is measured as of the measurement date ending September 30, of the current year.

REQUIRED COMMUNICATIONS, MANAGEMENT LETTER, AND COMPLIANCE REPORT

For the Year Ended September 30, 2019



City of Rolla, Missouri

Required Communications and Compliance Report For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

Table of Contents

	Page <u>Number</u>
Required Communications and Management Letter	1-4
Compliance Report:	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in	5-6
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	3-0
Schedule of Findings and Responses	7

COCHRAN HEAD VICK & CO., P.C.

& C0

Certified Public Accountants

1251 NW Briarcliff Pkwy Suite 125 Kansas City, MO 64116 (816) 453-7014 Fax (816) 453-7016

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Rolla, Missouri

Other Offices in Missouri and Kansas We have audited the financial statements of the City of Rolla, Missouri (the City) for the year ended September 30, 2019. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our engagement letter to you dated July 8, 2019. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the City are described in Note 1 to the basic financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted, and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2019. We noted no transactions entered into by the City during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. Significant accounting estimates used by the City's management include determining the allowance for doubtful accounts, the estimated useful lives used in recording depreciation and accumulated depreciation for capital assets, and the estimated obligation relating to pension and other post-employment benefits. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used in developing the above estimates in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. The following material misstatements detected as a result of our audit procedures were corrected by management:

- Adjustment to record construction in progress of \$1,211,82 and a prior period adjustment related to the SE Plant project, net of related depreciation, of \$141,397.
- Adjustments to reduce prepaid insurance of \$558,151.
- Adjustments to correct accounts payable by \$566,393 for open purchase orders that should not be considered an obligation of the City until the goods are received.
- Adjustment of \$1,520,000 to reclassify and report the Series 2019 Bonds as an obligation.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated March 31, 2020.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the City's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management prior to retention as the City's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the City's management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in net pension liability (asset) and related ratios, schedule of employer contributions and the schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios, which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the City as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency in the City's internal control described under Financial Reporting to be a material weakness.

As part of our audit, we try to identify opportunities for improving the management of financial resources and for improving the internal controls over financial reporting. We are submitting, for your consideration, our observations and recommendations with regard to these matters.

The City's written responses to our comments have not been subject to the audit procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

CURRENT YEAR COMMENTS

Financial Reporting - Material Weakness

Management is responsible for establishing, maintaining and monitoring internal controls over financial reporting, and for the fair presentation of the financial statements and related notes in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Our audit procedures identified adjustments that were required to properly report certain transactions of the City in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. These adjustments were not initially identified by the City's internal controls over financial reporting.

We recommend that management review year-end closing procedures to ensure that transactions are properly recorded and approved in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Management's Response

Management will continue reviewing and revising year end closing procedures including those over construction in process, purchase orders and bond reporting activities.

II. A.90.

OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Budgeting

For the year ended September 30, 2019, actual expenditures exceeded budgeted appropriations in the General Fund by \$531,315. We recommend that management review its processes and procedures for monitoring and amending the budget.

Management's Response

Management will review our current procedures to ensure compliance with the recommendation.

Future Accounting Pronouncements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has recently issued the following statements which may impact the City's financial reporting requirements in the future:

- GASB Statement 84 Fiduciary Activities, effective for the fiscal year beginning on October 1,
- GASB Statement 87 – Leases, effective for fiscal year beginning October 1, 2020.
- GASB Statement No. 89 Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period, effective for the fiscal year beginning October 1, 2020.
- GASB Statement No. 90 Majority Equity Interests an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61, effective for the fiscal year beginning October 1, 2019.
- GASB Statement No. 91 Conduit Debt Obligations, effective for the fiscal year beginning October 1, 2021.
- GASB Statement No. 92 Omnibus 2020, effective for the fiscal year beginning October 1, 2020.

We recommend management review these standards to determine the impact they may have on the City's financial reporting.

Management's Response

Management will review the new standards as they become effective and will evaluate their impact on the City's financial reporting.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Mayor and City Council and management of the City and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Cochran Head Vick + Co., P.C.

Kansas City, Missouri

March 31, 2020

COMPLIANCE REPORT

II. A.92.

COCHRAN HEAD VICK & CO., P.C.

& C0

Certified Public Accountants

1251 NW Briarcliff Pkwy Suite 125 Kansas City, MO 64116 (816) 453-7014 Fax (816) 453-7016 Independent Auditor's Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Other Offices in Missouri and Kansas To the Board of Directors Rolla Municipal Utilities City of Rolla, Missouri

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the City of Rolla, Missouri (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 31, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2019-001 to be a material weakness.

City of Rolla, Missouri Schedule of Findings and Responses For the Year September 30, 2019

2019-001 Financial Reporting

Condition

Our audit procedures identified adjustments that were required to properly report certain transactions of the City in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. These adjustments were not initially identified by the City's internal controls over financial reporting.

Criteria

Internal controls should be in place to ensure year-end balances and external financial reporting conforms to generally accepted accounting principles.

Cause

Year-end procedures were not sufficient to identify the adjustments noted above in a timely manner.

Effect

Potential exists for material misstatements to the financial statements.

Recommendation

We recommend that management review year-end closing procedures to ensure that transactions are properly recorded and approved in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Management's Response/Corrective Action

Management will continue reviewing and revising year end closing procedures including those over construction in process, purchase orders and bond reporting activities.

7

CITY OF ROLLA
CITY COUNCIL AGENDA

DEPARTMENT HEAD: SI

Steve Hargis

ACTION REQUESTED:

Ordinance – Final Reading

ITEM/SUBJECT:

Task Order #12

Construction Phase Services SE & Vichy Road WWTP HDR Engineering, Inc.

BUDGET APPROPRIATION

DATE: 04/20/20

COMMENTARY:

Attached is an ordinance authorizing the Mayor to enter into an agreement for professional services with HDR Engineering, Inc. This task is for the Construction Phase Services for the Improvements at our Southeast and Vichy Road Wastewater Treatment Plants.

The estimated construction cost for these improvements was \$21,334,000.00. Tonight we will be asking for bid awards totaling \$20,364,989. These improvements will provide for enhanced disinfection and treatment of wastewater discharges and will satisfy our commitments to DNR to provide full treatment of wet weather flows as outlined in our original Voluntary Compliance Agreement. In addition these improvements are outlined in our approved Integrated Management Plan with DNR/EPA.

We were authorized by the voters to bond \$27,750,000 through the State Revolving Fund with DNR. To date the budget for these improvements is:

SFR/Local Expenses for Bonding	\$ 216,000
HDR Design Fee	\$ 2,038,345
Bid SE Plant	\$14,156,989
Bid Vichy Plant	\$ 6,208,000
HDR Construction Phase	\$ 1,955,968
Total	\$24,575,302

This leaves \$3,174,698 for contingency and other possible improvements. These projects should be completed by the end of 2021.

Staff is requesting final reading of the ordinance and recommends approval.

City of Rolla SE WWTP Improvements - Construction Phase Services Scope and Fee - With Engineer Provided RPR

	Kalls, Michael	Robiron, Pe	Brandsgaard, Peter James (Peter)	Hopson, Cr	Craft, Robert	Witte, Boy	Boyd, Thomas Wor	Worth, Lance Willes	Willard, Sean Campbell,	bell, Davies, Anne	Anne Medows Jeff	Campbell	Stnek Steve	Dougard,	Surramy Chief	Garnery Chief Garnery Creas	CAD/BIM	Admin	000	HDR Expenses	7.441
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1 Pre Construction Conference	2	9								-	2	4						2		\$300	\$3,300
2 Submittal Review ⁽²⁾	92	110	275	155	103	290	210	30				125	172	290							\$242.345
3 Control Survey (3)												00	L		32	2				Ī	\$15.240
General Coordination and Supervision 141	3	107	107							38		213		213				92			5115 J75
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⁶ Progress Meetings ⁽¹⁾	19	116	_		-						85	116						85		\$5.800	\$67.760
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9 Review Wage Rates (1)					_							19		97.							\$10,35
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11 Substantial Completion Inspection	00	80	60	80		8				_	8	8	8							\$600	\$12,480
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Estimated Project Fee \$1,157,223

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Page 1 of 1

Vichy Road WWTP Improvements - Construction Phase Services Scope and Fee - With Engineer Provided RPR City of Rolla

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1) Contract Time - 355 days to Substantial, 395 days to Final Completion

3) Submirita - 355 days to Substantial, 395 days to Final Completion

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\$1.157.223 \$798,745

Estimated Project Fee SE Total

81,955,968

TT. A.3.

Page 1 of 1

ORDINANCE NO
AN ORDINANCE AUTHORIZING THE MAYOR OF THE CITY OF ROLLA, MISSOURI TO EXECUTE ON BEHALF OF THE CITY OF ROLLA, MISSOURI A CERTAIN AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE CITY OF ROLLA, MISSOURI AND HDR ENGINEERING, INC FOR SOUTHEAST WWTP AND VICHY ROAD WWTP IMPROVEMENTS — CONSTRUCTION PHASE SERVICES — TASK ORDER #12.
BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF ROLLA, MISSOURI, AS FOLLOWS:
Section 1: That the Mayor of the City of Rolla, Missouri be and is hereby authorized and directed to execute on behalf of the City of Rolla, Missouri an agreement between the City of Rolla, Missouri and HDR Engineering, Inc. for Southeast WWTP and Vichy Road WWTP Improvements – Construction Phase Services – Task Order #12.
PASSED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF ROLLA, MISSOURI AND APPROVED BY THE MAYOR THIS 20 th DAY OF APRIL 2020.
APPROVED:
MAYOR
ATTEST:
CITY CLERK
APPROVED AS TO FORM:

CITY COUNSELOR

III. A.4.

TASK ORDER NO. 12

This Task Order pertains to an Agreement by and between <u>City of Rolla, Missouri</u>, ("OWNER"), and HDR Engineering, Inc. ("ENGINEER"), dated <u>January 19, 2011</u>, ("the Agreement"). Engineer shall perform services on the project described below as provided herein and in the Agreement. This Task Order shall not be binding until it has been properly signed by both parties. Upon execution, this Task Order shall supplement the Agreement as it pertains to the project described below.

TASK ORDER NUMBER: No. 12

PROJECT NAME: Southeast WWTP and Vichy Road WWTP Improvements
Construction Phase Services

PART 1.0 PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Construction Phase Services for the City of Rolla, Missouri for the recommended improvements to the Southeast WWTP and the Vichy Road WWTP as outlined in the Contract Documents for the Southeast Wastewater Treatment Plant Improvements and Vichy Road Wastewater Treatment Plant Improvements.

PART 2.0 SCOPE OF SERVICES TO BE PERFORMED BY ENGINEER ON THE PROJECT

Construction Phase Services for the recommended improvements to the Southeast WWTP and Vichy Road WWTP. See Attachment A.

The two WWTP will be two separate construction packages.

PART 3.0 OWNER'S RESPONSIBILITIES:

Owner shall provide the following:

- 1. Access to the sites and the facilities within for Contractor and Engineer personnel.
- 2. Attend meetings, participate in site visits, perform reviews, and provide input and decisions as outlined in the Contract Documents.
- 3. Plant personnel to attend meetings and coordinate with Contractor and Engineer with respect to construction work that impacts the plant operations.

PART 4.0 PERIODS OF SERVICE:

- 1. Construction Phase Services
 - SE WWTP 570 days from Notice to Proceed
 - Vichy Road WWTP 395 days from Notice to Proceed

2.	Post	Construction	and	Suppl	emental	Ser	vices

- SE WWTP 365 days from Final Completion
- Vichy Road WWTP 365 days from Final Completion

3. RPR Services

- SE WWTP 570 days from Notice to Proceed
- Vichy Road WWTP 395 days from Notice to Proceed

PART 5.0 PAYMENTS TO ENGINEER:

- 1. Construction Phase Services (both plants) Lump sum fee of \$1,316,763.00, to be invoiced monthly on a percent complete basis.
- 2. Post Construction Phase Services (both plants) Lump sum fee of \$283,405.00, to be invoiced monthly on a percent complete basis.
- 3. RPR Services (both plants) Lump sum fee of \$355,800.00, to be invoiced monthly on a percent complete basis.

Total Fee = \$1,955,968.00

OTHER:

None		
This Task Order is executed this	_day of	, 20
City of Rolla, Missouri "OWNER"	HDR ENGINEE "ENGINEER"	ERING, INC.
BY:	BY:	
NAME:	NAME:	Joseph E. Drimmel
TITLE:	TITLE:	Senior Vice President
ADDRESS:	ADDRESS:	4435 Main St., Suite 1000
		Kansas City, MO 64111

PART 6.0

CITY OF ROLLA CITY COUNCIL AGENDA

DEPARTMENT HEAD: Darin Pryor

ACTION REQUESTED: Ordinance - Final Reading

ITEM/SUBJECT: Project #505 – FY 2020 Phase II Asphalt Improvements

BUDGET APPROPRIATION: \$380,000 DATE: 04/20/20

COMMENTARY:

City staff asked for and received bids for the FY 2020 Phase II Asphalt Improvements. The bids were as follows:

Melrose Quarry & Asphalt Supply, LLC \$309,630.06

PO Box 187 Rolla. MO 65402

Pierce Asphalt, LLC \$321,954.07

PO Box 1264 Rolla, MO 65402

Capital Paving & Construction, LLC \$354,441.25

1369 Business Park Rd. Linn Creek, MO 65052

N.B. West Contracting \$379,988.20

1035 N. Service Rd. Sullivan, MO 63080

This phase overlays Lions Club Drive from Rte 63 to Rte 72, Pebble Stone from Rolla Street to Lions Club Drive, a short section of Bridge School Road near A-1 Pump, and small portion of Mossman Lane.

Staff is requesting the final reading of the ordinance authorizing the Mayor to enter into the contract Melrose Quarry & Asphalt Supply, LLC for \$309,630.06.



Phone: (573) 364-8659

FAX: (573) 364-8602

e-mail: shargis@rollacity.org

FY 2020 PHASE IIASPHALT IMPROVEMENTS

ww.rollacity.org

				PROJECT 505 OCTOBER 16, 2019	505 6, 2019				
		Melrose Qu	Melrose Quarry & Asphalt					Capital	Capital Paving &
		Sup	Supply, LLC	Pierce As	Pierce Asphalt, L.L.C.	N. B Wes	N. B West Contracting	Cons	Construction
		Joe	Joe Stogsdill	Gene	Gene Stroup	Dave	Dave Laramore	Jeffrey	Jeffrey Creamer
		P.O.	P.O. Box 187	P.O. I	P.O. Box 696	1035 N.	1035 N. Service Rd.	P.O. Bo	P.O. Box 104960
		Rolla,	Rolla, MO 65402	Rolla, N	Rolla, MO 65402	Sullivan	Sullivan, MO 63080	Jefferson C	Jefferson City, MO 65110
		Ph: 573	573-364-9101	Ph: 573	Ph: 573-465-8534	Ph: 57	Ph: 573-468-4533	573-6	573-691-2837
		FAX: 57	573-364-9102			FAX: 57	FAX: 573-468-3007		
				gstroup.pierc	gstroup.pierceasphalt@gma			jcreamer@c	icreamer@capitalpavingm
		melroseoff	melroseoffice@gmail.com	<u>≓</u>	il.com	dlaramore	dlaramore@nbwest.com	ol	o.com
			EXTENDED		EXTENDED	TINO	EXTENDED	TINO	EXTENDED
DESCRIPTION	QTY.	UNIT PRICE	TOTAL	UNIT PRICE	TOTAL	PRICE	TOTAL	PRICE	TOTAL
BP-1	255 TON	\$ 84.00	\$ 21,420.00	\$ 78.73	\$ 20,076.15	\$ 119.50	\$ 30,472.50	\$ 88.00	\$ 22,440.00
BP-2	2,965 TON	\$ 84.00	\$ 249,060.00	\$ 78.73	\$ 233,434.45	\$ 83.35	\$ 247,132.75	\$ 88.00	\$ 260,920.00
Bit. Base	35 TON	\$ 80.00	\$ 2,800.00	\$ 78.73	\$ 2,755.55	\$ 295.00	\$ 10,325.00	\$ 88.00	\$ 3,080.00
Milling	54,766 SY	\$ 0.35	\$ 19,168.10	\$ 1.12	\$ 61,337.92	\$ 1.00	\$ 54,766.00	\$ 1.45	\$ 79,410.70
Tack	4,350 GAL	\$ 3.95	\$ 17,182.50	\$ 1.00	\$ 4,350.00	\$ 2.70	\$ 11,745.00	\$ 3.25	\$ 14,137.50
	TOTAL BID PRICE	E \$	309,630.60	\$	321,954.07	\$	354,441.25	\$	379,988.20

AN ORDINANCE AUTHORIZING THE MAYOR TO EXECUTE ON BEHALF OF THE CITY AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE CITY OF ROLL & ASPHALT SUPPLY, LLC, FOR FY 2020 PROJECT #505.	OF ROLLA, MISSOURI A CERTAIN A, MISSOURI AND MELROSE QUARRY
BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF FOLLOWS:	F THE CITY OF ROLLA, MISSOURI, AS
Section 1: That the Mayor of the City of R and directed to execute on behalf of the City of the City of Rolla, Missouri and Melrose Quarry & II Asphalt Improvements, Project #505, a copy and marked Exhibit A.	Asphalt Supply, LLC, for FY 2020 Phase
PASSED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF TH APPROVED BY THE MAYOR THIS 20th DAY O	·
	APPROVED:
	MAYOR
ATTEST:	
CITY CLERK	
APPROVED AS TO FORM:	

CITY COUNSELOR

ORDINANCE NO. _____

III. B. 3.



CITY OF ROLLA

	CITT	COUNCIL AGEN	NDA	
DEPARTMENT HEAD	: John Butz, Ci	ty Administrator	ACTION REQU	JESTED: Motion
ITEM/SUBJECT: Requ	uest by S&T – In	terfraternity Counc	cil – Sept. 2020 Gro	eek Week Games
BUDGET APPROPRIA ******** COMMENTARY:	TION (IF APPL	.ICABLE)	DATE: .	April 20, 2020 *********************************
The S&T IFC is a Greek Week games on cooperation has general requires a State license, exception of event organ	September 12 ly been exceller, insurance, secu	and 19. The event. The request in	nt has taken place cludes a license fo	or beer sales, which
Recommendation: Moti with beer sales.	on to approve us	e of RNA fields for	Greek Week Game	s in September 2020
<u> </u>		C.	and the state of t	
		ITEM NO.	JV	A.1.



City of Rolla

City Hall P.O. Box 979

Rolla, MO 65401

Mr. John Butz,

I would like to request the use of the Eulessian Fields/Extravaganza Site at the Rolla National Airport on behalf of the Missouri S&T Interfraternity Council for our Annual Greek Week Games Saturday, September 12th, 2020, and Saturday, September 19th, 2020. I would also enjoy the privilege to work on said fields during times they are not in use to provide maintenance and mowing before the games.

The Council would also like to request to have alcohol present from a local permitted and licensed vendor as we have in years past. We will be hiring two members of the Rolla Sheriff's Department to check ID's and will be following our Risk Management Policies approved by the campus for the event. We are currently pursuing the same insurance policy through the Campus as we have used the past couple of years with the city listed as co insured.

I, or someone of our Executive Board, will be able to attend any of the upcoming City Council meetings to answer any questions anyone might have. If you have any questions for me directly, please feel free to call me or email me.

Sincerely,

Chris Steinbach

IFC Fields Chair

Cell: (636) 795 - 6035

Email: cjsffq@umsystem.edu

IV. A.2.

CITY OF ROLLA CITY COUNCIL AGENDA

DEPARTMENT HEAD: Brady Wilson ACTION: Bid Award

ITEM/SUBJECT: Automated Collection

BUDGET APPROPRIATION: \$375,000 DATE: April 20, 2020

COMMENTARY:

The solid waste collection industry is always evolving. In recent years, the industry has been trending towards "automated" collection systems. This evolution is largely due to employee injuries, employee turnover, and a limited qualified workforce. All of these issues present challenges for Rolla as well. The collection industry is known for being labor intensive with a high incidence of injury. Automated collection is proving to reduce injuries, reduce manpower and equipment requirements, and improve employee retention.

For the reasons mentioned above, staff has been researching automated collection systems for the past year. This includes visiting with municipalities, vendors and others in the waste management business to discuss experiences, advantages and disadvantages, equipment options, etc. There are many different automated trucks on the market and no two are the same. After much research of the various vehicles and equipment, the Curotto Can mounted on a front-loading refuse truck stands out as the best and most versatile option for Rolla. The Curotto Can system provides strong advantages over the competition which consists of automated side-loading trucks. The distinct advantages of this system over others include:

- Reduced worker risk and injuries.
- Improved speed and efficiency.
- Reduced manpower and equipment needs.
- Improved fuel efficiency due to less cycling of the packing mechanism.
- Operator ergonomics, the work/dumping mechanism is in front of the driver.
- Contamination control, the driver can see what is being collected.
- Can be used for bulk pickup (other ASL units cannot).
- Dropped carts are easily retrieved from the hopper.
- Can be used for both residential and commercial collections.

Noted disadvantages of the Curotto Can system are few, but include:

- Initial capital investment (twice the cost of a conventional rear-load truck)
- Increased maintenance requirements (daily greasing)

After considering the advantages of an automated collection system, staff is recommending that the City embark upon a pilot project for a portion of residential service. A pilot area would be selected from each of the weekly scheduled collection areas of the city. The pilot project would likely serve 20-25% of residential customers initially.

Due to the unique individuality of these automated systems, a conventional competitive bidding process is virtually impossible. For this reason staff is recommending the utilization of a government purchasing co-op known as Sourcewell (formerly NJPA). Sourcewell manages contracts through a competitive bid process that meets all legal bidding requirements. These contracts are available to governmental, educational and not-for-profit entities. Sourcewell leverages the buying power of 50,000 agencies nationwide just as a State contract leverages

Missouri volume. Sourcewell develops RFB's for national competitive solicitations that meet or exceed local requirements. Sourcewell staff have approved the following bid prices on the collection vehicle(s) being recommended by staff for a pilot automated collection system for Rolla's residential services (commercial service can be phased in later using this same vehicle).

Heil 20-yard Half Pack Odyssey on a 2021 Autocar chassis w. Curotto Can - \$326,120

Heil 20-yard Half Pack Odyssey on a 2021 Mack chassis w. Curotto Can - \$314,702

Optional 2nd Curotto Can to serve as a backup and allow for proper maintenance - \$33,238

Armor Equipment of Arnold Missouri along with Heil Environmental hold the Sourcewell contract for this equipment. Staff recommends using the Sourcewell contract to purchase the Mack Chassis mounted with the Heil front-loader body, as well as purchasing the second Curotto Can. This would bring the total purchase price to \$347,940.



Unbeatable Versatility. Lowest Cost of Ownership.

The Curotto-Can has the fastest load time of any automated system on the market and delivers a proven 25% to 30% productivity advantage over automated side loaders. By using the robust reliability of a front loader, this carry can delivers game-changing performance that will enable you to service more customers, more quickly, in more applications.

- ✓ Fastest load time 4-5 seconds from wheel-stop-to-wheel-go
- ✓ Radically more maneuverable 25% faster around cul-de-sacs
- ✓ Arm can be removed and replaced in two minutes
- ✓ No prox or limit switches and no logic and/or driver cards
- Eliminates cost of cart loss and damage

1/13



CITY OF ROLLA CITY COUNCIL AGENDA

DEPARTMENT HEAD: Brady Wilson ACTION: Bid Award

ITEM/SUBJECT: Refuse Carts

BUDGET APPROPRIATION: \$100,000 DATE: April 20, 2020

COMMENTARY:

When implementing automated collection, it's important to select a cart that is compatible with automated equipment. The City has been slowly transitioning to this type of cart for the past few years. The old style cart that is still used by the majority of residents has been discontinued and is becoming obsolete. Ultimately, all of those old carts will be replaced regardless of the type of collection system used. There are roughly 6,000 residential carts in use now with approximately 10-15% of those being new-style carts.

The Sourcewell purchasing cooperative also awards a contract for refuse carts. Quotes for carts were solicited and the Sourcewell contract was also reviewed. The Department is initially seeking 1,900 95-gallon carts and 100 35-gallon carts for the automated collection pilot project. Those prices are listed below (shipping included). Staff is recommending accepting the alternate quote from Schaefer which includes assembly and distribution of the carts.

Toter Carts (Sourcewell) \$93,379.09

Otto Carts (currently in use) \$87,200.00

Schaefer Carts \$78,975.00

Schaefer Carts (alternate) \$86,675.00 (this quote includes assembly and distribution)



V.B.2.

Name of Board to Serve: Planning and Zoning Commission

Citizen's Name: Kevin Crider:

INFORMATION/BIOGRAPHY

My name is Kevin Crider and I was born and raised in Rolla, Missouri. I graduated from Rolla High School in 1998 and have been a small business owner and entrepreneur ever since. My wife Elissa and I currently own three small businesses here in Rolla. Elissa's at Benton Square, Performance Auto Group, and KC Enterprises. I have always had a passion for automobiles, and I currently do crew-chief and consulting work for the auto racing industry as well. Rolla has been a fantastic place to grow up, live, and work, and I want to see it continue to grow and thrive. I believe that proper planning and zoning is very important to managing our growth in a consistent, productive and fair manner

VII. A.I.